

PLENTI PROPERTY PTY LTD Hallets Way, Bacchus Marsh

Stormwater Management Strategy Plan

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Objectives

Plenti Property Pty Ltd have engaged Engeny Australia (Engeny) to prepare a Stormwater Management Strategy Plan (SWMP) for the proposed 5-lot subdivision plan located at Halletts Way, Bacchus Marsh, hereafter referred to as "the site". The total site area is approximately 2.61 ha and comprises of three sub-areas (excluding Hallets Way and Adelong Way) (Refer to Figure 1.1). The site is located to the east of existing Underbank Estate.

Figure 1.1 below provides an overview of the existing site.



FIGURE 1.1: EXISTING SITE LOCATION (SOURCE: NEARMAP)

Engeny understands that this SWMP is required to assist in the rezoning application (from farming to residential zone). Engeny have previously prepared a surface water investigation for the overall Underbank Farm development, which is located immediately to the west of the site.

The following stormwater drainage report has been used to guide this SWMP in a similar approach:

• Underbank Farm, Bacchus Marsh – Surface Water Investigation, prepared by Engeny Water Management (May 2013).



Pre-development advice was obtained from Melbourne Water (MW), and they have advised that Council is the drainage authority for the site (not Melbourne Water) (Refer to Appendix F:). MW will assess the application when it is formally referred by Council through Planning Permit process. It is recommended that a pre-development advice from MW is to be requested again during planning permit application stage, as it has the potential to change the required approach to stormwater management for the site.

This SWMP presents the proposed plan for managing internal and associated external catchment stormwater flows generated on the site.

1.2 Background

Urbanisation leads to an increase in stormwater runoff and a subsequent increase in pollutant wash-off. It can also have detrimental effects on the receiving waterways. In determining the urban structure, it is critical that assets required for drainage purposes are determined early so that the impacts from the increase of stormwater runoff due to urbanisation can be mitigated. As a result, new development can proceed without the risk of flooding to the development, or of flooding neighbouring properties and limiting the impact on the natural environment and receiving waterways, in this case Werribee River located along the southern boundary of the site.

Liveability and resilience should be incorporated into all new developments. With respect to stormwater management, this involves utilising the stormwater as an asset for the community whilst ensuring fundamentals such as flood protection, safety with respect to flow management and water supply security are maintained. This can be achieved through incorporation of best planning practices for stormwater management during the development of the urban structure.

Engeny understands that for Underbank Estate, there is no specific requirement for flood retarding due to the peak runoff from the development will be much more immediate than the peak flow in the waterways. This approach has been adopted for the site considering its location adjacent to Underbank Estate. This assumption requires confirmation from Melbourne Water. In relation to the stormwater quality management, proposed assets for will be provided to provide treatment of runoff.

1.3 Site Description

The approximately 2.61 ha site shown in the previous figure comprises of the following planning scheme zones / overlays:

- Zoned as Farming Zone (FRZ)
- Design and Development Plan Overlay (DDO)
- Environmental Significance Overlay (ESO)
- Lands Subject to Inundation Overlay (LSIO)
- Design and Development Overlay (DDO)
- Aboriginal Cultural Heritage
- Designated Bushfire Prone Area

1.4 Proposed Development

The proposed subdivision of the 2.6 ha site intends to form 5 lots, in which 3 lots are for residential purposes (Lots A, B and D) and 2 lots (Lots C and E) are for reserve purposes, being within the 1% AEP flood zone area.

The concept layout plan for the proposed subdivision is presented in Figure 1.2 and Appendix A. This forms the basis for the SWMP.



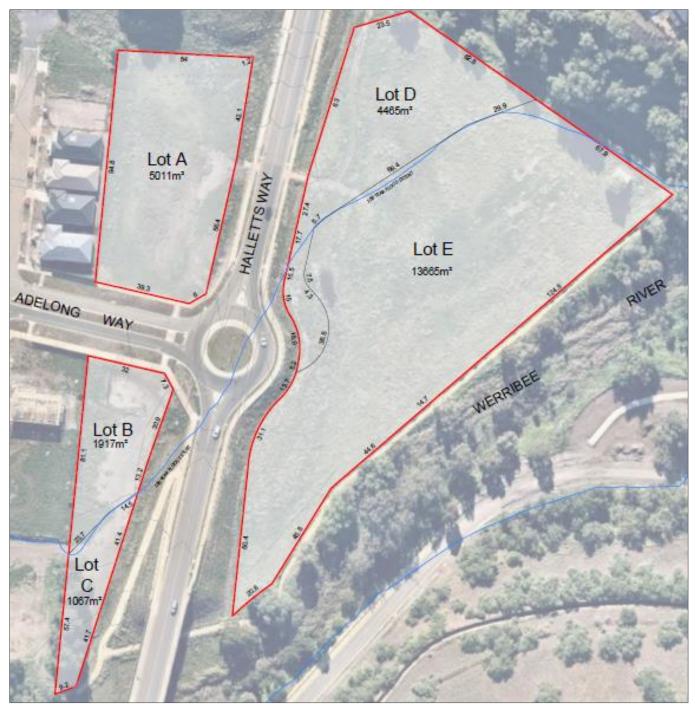


FIGURE 1.2: PROPOSED SUBDIVISION PLAN (NOT TO SCALE) (SOURCE: BEVERIDGE WILLIAMS)

For the purpose of modelling and calculations of this SWMP report, Engeny has used the following assumption of lots usage and their corresponding area (refer to Table 1.1 below).



TABLE 1.1: HALLETS WAY INDICATIVE LOTS AREA

Subdivision Development	Residential Lots Area (ha)	Road Reserve Area (ha)	Reserve Area (ha)	Total Area (ha)
Lot A west	0.30	0.13	0.07	0.50
Lot B south	0.10	0.06	0.10	0.19
Lot C south	-	-	0.11	0.11
Lot D east	0.21	0.17	0.06	0.44
Lot E east	-	-	1.37	1.37
			Total	2.61

1.5 Data Collation and Review

Engeny obtained data and information to assist with this study from a variety of sources, including but not limited to, MapshareVic, the Bureau of Meteorology and the Infrastructure Design Manual. Table 1.2 summarises the data obtained for this study, its purpose, and the source.

TABLE 1.2: SUMMARY OF DATA USED

Data	Purpose	Source
Property Report (zoning)	Landuse / zoning requirements	MapshareVic
Site specific Intensity Frequency Duration (IFD) data	To quantify pre / post development flows	Bureau of Meteorology (BoM)
Development's hydrological parameters	To quantify pre / post development flows	Infrastructure Design Manual (IDM)



2. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

As shown in Figure 2.1, the site can be accessed from Hallets Way and Adelong Way. The site is surrounded by existing residential houses along the western boundary and existing grasslands / trees along the northern boundary, with Werribee River running along the southern boundary.

The site is located within the Werribee River catchment. Site elevations vary between approximately 109 m AHD on the north and approximately 105 m AHD along the southern boundary, adjacent to Werribee River. The site generally drains in a north to south direction towards the river under the existing conditions. Figure 2.1 is annotated with arrows showing existing overland flow paths within the subject site.



FIGURE 2.1: HALLETS WAY FEATURE SURVEY PLAN (SOURCE: TAYLORS)



3. STORMWATER QUANTITY MANAGEMENT

3.1 Approach

The main objective of stormwater quantity management is to address potential issues arising from increased runoff from the development site, including flooding and erosion. Engeny understands the minor drainage system will need to be designed to convey the 20% AEP storm event and the major drainage system will need to prevent the occurrence of flooding of dwellings in events up to the 1% AEP storm event. The proposed approach to managing stormwater through the site will need to be consistent with the major and minor drainage system philosophy outlined in the ARR 2019 stormwater industry guidelines and the Infrastructure Design Manual (IDM). The details of this approach for the site are described in the subsequent sections.

3.1.1 Surface Water Investigation for Underbank Farm Report

As previously stated, Engeny have prepared a surface water investigation report (May 2013) for the overall Underbank Estate, which is located immediately to the west of the development site. The assessment includes the overall review of surface water for the <u>Underbank</u> site, including stormwater quantity management and peak flow control.

In terms of peak flow control, Engeny's 2013 report for the Underbank Estate refers to correspondence with Melbourne Water that indicates no specific requirement for flood retarding. Due to the relative size of the overall Underbank development (approximately 168 ha) to the Korkuperrimul Creek catchment and the Werribee River catchment, the peak runoff from the development will be much more immediate than the peak flow in the waterways, and therefore, retarding flows from the development will have minimal effect on peak flows in the receiving river.

A similar approach for the proposed Hallets Way Development Site's peak flow control has been adopted. Due to the relative size of the development area (approximately 2.61 ha) to the Werribee River catchment, the peak runoff will be much more immediate than the peak flow in Werribee river. Therefore, no retardation is proposed as retarding flows will have almost negligible effect on peak flow in Werribee River. This approach should be confirmed with Melbourne Water.

3.2 Hydrology

3.2.1 Overview

A catchment plan has been developed to include the developable area of the subject site and associated external catchment areas (Refer to Figure 4.1). The arrows indicate the directions in which stormwater flows are directed towards Adelong Way for the western sub-area (and eventually into Werribee River) and into Werribee River directly for southern and eastern sub-areas.



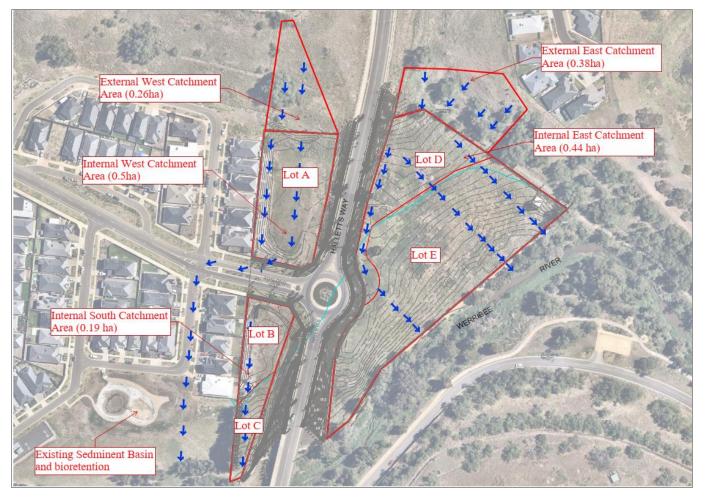


FIGURE 3.1: CATCHMENT PLAN

3.2.2 Pre and Post Development Flows

The hydrological analysis for the 1% AEP and 20% flows was undertaken using Rational Method calculations with IFD data as per the Australian Rainfall and Runoff (ARR) 2019. The calculations have been undertaken to assess the change in 1% AEP peak flows as a result of the proposed development. The calculated flows have also been used to estimate the peak 1% AEP developed conditions flow that will need to be discharged into the Werribee River or Adelong Way via the proposed subdivisional road.

The Rational Method calculations have been undertaken for the proposed 5-lot subdivision as shown in Figure 1.2 with assumptive lots usage and corresponding area as per Table 1.1 to reflect the subsequent increases in fraction impervious in the residential development. The calculations are included in Appendix C and the results are shown in Table 3.1, Table 3.2 and Table 3.3.

TABLE 3.1: ESTIMATED FLOW RESULTS FOR 1% & 20% AEP PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT FLOWS FOR EASTERN SUB-AREA* (LOT D AND ASSOCIATED EXTERNAL CATCHMENT)

AEP Event	Pre-Development Flow (m³/s)	Post Development Flow (m ³ /s)
1% AEP Flows for Site Development (including external catchment)	0.061	0.163
20% AEP Flows for Site Development (including external catchment)	0.021	0.077

*Please note that the above calculations results do not include Lot E as this lot is within 1% AEP flood zone and is intended to be used as reserve area for future development. Therefore, it is expected that post development flow will be maintained as pre-development condition.



TABLE 3.2: ESTIMATED FLOW RESULTS FOR THE 1% & 20% AEP PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT FLOWS FOR SOUTHERN SUB-AREA* (LOT B)

AEP Event	Pre-Development Flow (m ³ /s)	Post Development Flow (m ³ /s)
1% AEP Flows for Site Development	0.017	0.056
20% AEP Flows for Site Development	0.006	0.028

*Please note that the above calculations results do not include Lot C as this lot is within 1% AEP flood zone and is intended to be used as reserve area for future development. Therefore, it is expected that post development flow will be maintained as pre-development condition.

TABLE 3.3: ESTIMATED FLOW RESULTS FOR THE 1% & 20% AEP PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT FLOWS FOR WESTERN SUB-AREA (LOT A AND ASSOCIATED EXTERNAL CATCHMENT)

AEP Event	Pre-Development Flow (m³/s)	Post Development Flow (m ³ /s)
1% AEP Flows for Site Development (including external catchment)	0.057	0.172
20% AEP Flows for Site Development (including external catchment)	0.020	0.083

3.3 Minor / Sub-Surface Drainage (20% AEP)

The proposed subsurface drainage network will be designed to convey the 20% AEP flows from the three sub-areas of the development site for discharge into the existing drainage pipes along Adelong Way (for the western subarea) and directly into the Werribee River via the proposed stormwater treatment assets for the southern and eastern subareas.

It is intended that the proposed drainage network from the western sub-area will be designed to connect to the existing 375 dia pipe along Adelong Way (Refer to Figure 3.2), constructed as part of the Stage 5A River Edge (Underbank) development, which conveys flow to the existing stormwater treatment assets in Underbank. These pipes, running along Adelong Way and Carinya Street, have been designed to convey 20% AEP flows generated from the contributing development area in Underbank to discharge into Werribee River (with low flows conveyed to the treatment assets). A pipe capacity check from the Underbank As-Constructed Stage 5 Road and Drainage Plan Set of Drawings (Refer to Appendix B) indicates that there is adequate capacity for the existing 375 dia pipe to cater for the 20% AEP post development flow from the western sub-area (Lot A) of the development site.

The 20% AEP flows from the southern (Lot B) and eastern (Lot D) sub-areas will be conveyed by the proposed drainage pipes and discharged into the proposed stormwater treatment assets, prior to discharge into Werribee River.

The minor drainage system and internal stormwater network from each sub-area of the development site are to be designed in accordance with the Infrastructure Design Manual (IDM).



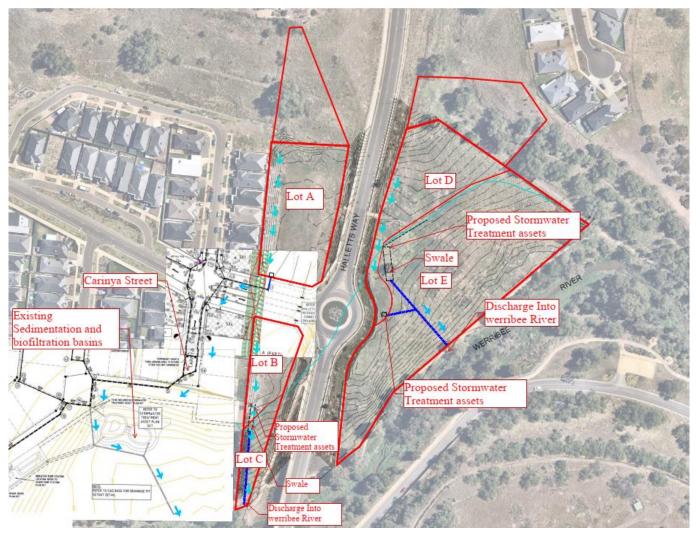


FIGURE 3.2: INDICATIVE CATCHMENT PLAN FOR 20% AEP FLOW

3.4 Major Drainage / Overland Flow Path (1% AEP)

The primary objective of the major drainage system is to provide flood conveyance and protection for the development for up to the 1 % AEP storm event and to ensure that this flow can be safely conveyed through the development. Engeny understands the major drainage system at the site will consist of the proposed internal road within each sub-area of the site development, which will be designed to convey flows from each sub-area to Adelong Way and Werribee River (Refer to Figure 3.3 for Overland Flow Path Layout plan).

Overland flow from the western sub area will be directed to Adelong Way (Lot A) and eventually to the Werribee River via Carinya Street and adjacent reserve. Overland flow from the eastern (Lot D) and southern (Lot B) sub areas will be directed directly to the Werribee River via the adjacent reserve.

The internal road within each sub-area of the site is to be designed during the Functional Layout Plan (FLP) of subdivision stage to ensure that the overland flow (gap flow) through each sub-area is within the safe hydraulic capacity of the road.



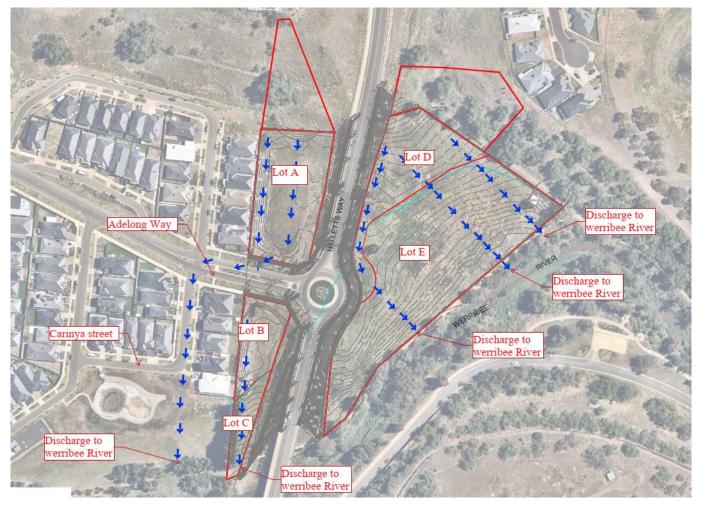


FIGURE 3.3: INDICATIVE OVERLAND FLOW PATH LAYOUT PLAN

3.4.1 Gap Flow and PC Convey Assessment

Gap flows, which are the difference between the 1% AEP and 20% AEP post development flows, were calculated using Rational Method (refer to Appendix C) for each sub area of the development site. Gap flows for the Eastern and Western sub-areas were calculated using the difference between 1% AEP post development flows from internal and external catchment and 20% AEP post development flows from internal catchment only. The results are shown in Table 3.4.

TABLE 3.4: ESTIMATED GAP FLOWS FOR EAST INTERNAL SUBDIVISION

Assessment Location & Area	1% AEP Flow (m ³ /s)	20% AEP Flow (m ³ /s) (Internal Catchment Only)	Gap Flow (m³/s)
Eastern (Lot D) Sub-area	0.163	0.077	0.086
Western (Lot A) Sub-area	0.172	0.083	0.089
Southern (Lot B) Sub-area	0.056	0.028	0.028

Three PC Convey checks were prepared to show that the internal gap flows for the eastern, western, and southern sub-areas of the development can be adequately conveyed within the indicative (typical) 7 m, 12 m, and 7 m road reserve widths respectively. These checks are preliminary only and to be further confirmed during the Functional Layout Plan (FLP) stage of subdivision as the design progresses.

The section locations for the PC Convey are as shown in Figure 3.3, and the PC Convey results are shown in Figure 3.4, Figure 3.5, and Figure 3.6 with detailed information provided in Appendix D:.



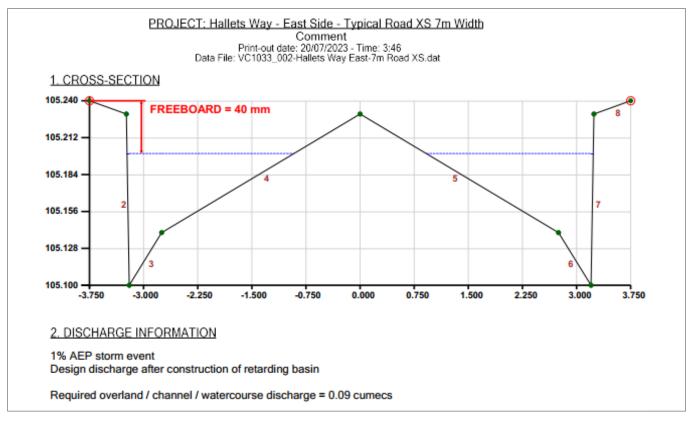


FIGURE 3.4: INDICATIVE PC CONVEY RESULT FOR TYPICAL 7M EAST SIDE (LOT D) ROAD RESERVE CROSS SECTION

As shown on above, the gap flows of 0.09 m³/s for the eastern sub-area can be contained within the typical 7 m road reserve with 40 mm freeboard. If required (depending on lot levels), dwelling floor levels can be raised to achieve freeboard requirements. In addition, the velocity (V) m/s x maximum depth (dmax) is 0.06 m²/s, which is less than 0.30 m²/s, and the maximum depth (dmax) is 0.10 m, which is less than 0.30 m. The velocity (V) is 0.62 m/s, which is less than 2.0 m/s. Therefore, the gap flow is within the recommended safety limits from Guidelines for Development in Flood Affected Areas (DELWP, 2019).



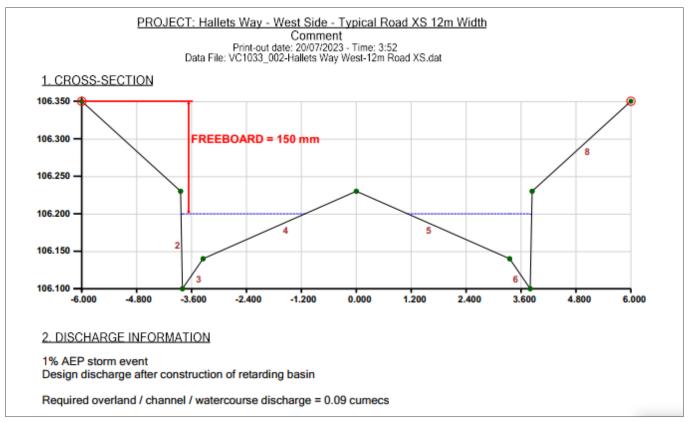


FIGURE 3.5: INDICATIVE PC CONVEY RESULT FOR TYPICAL 12M WEST (LOT A) SIDE ROAD RESERVE CROSS SECTION

As shown on above, the gap flows of 0.09 m^3 /s for the southern sub-area can be contained within the typical 12 m road reserve with 150 mm freeboard. In addition, the velocity (V) m/s x maximum depth (dmax) is 0.06 m^2 /s, which is less than 0.30 m^2 /s, and the maximum depth (dmax) is 0.10 m, which is less than 0.30 m. The velocity (V) is 0.61 m/s, which is less than 2.0 m/s. Therefore, the gap flow is within the recommended safety limits from Guidelines for Development in Flood Affected Areas (DELWP, 2019).



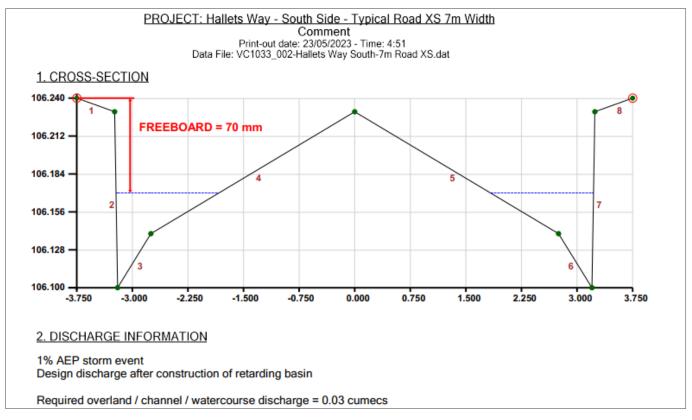


FIGURE 3.6: INDICATIVE PC CONVEY RESULT FOR TYPICAL 7M SOUTH (LOT B) SIDE ROAD RESERVE CROSS SECTION

As shown on above, the gap flows of 0.03 m³/s for the southern sub-area can be contained within the typical 7m road reserve with 70 mm freeboard. Additional freeboard can be provided through the lots. In addition, the velocity (V) m/s x maximum depth (dmax) is 0.03 m²/s, which is less than 0.30 m²/s, and the maximum depth (dmax) is 0.07 m, which is less than 0.30 m. The velocity (V) is 0.47 m/s, which is less than 2.0 m/s. Therefore, the gap flow is within the recommended safety limits from Guidelines for Development in Flood Affected Areas (DELWP, 2019).



4. STORMWATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

4.1 Approach

Engeny have undertaken MUSIC modellings for the eastern (Lot D) and southern (Lot B) sub-areas to assess the estimated requirement of stormwater treatment system. Engeny have also reviewed the previous MUSIC modelling undertaken for catchment H of the existing Underbank Estate to determine whether there is adequate capacity for the existing sedimentation basin and bioretention system on Carinya Street to provide stormwater treatment for the western (Lot A) sub-area. Details of these assessments are provided the following sub-sections.

4.1.1 Surface Water Investigation for Underbank Farm Report

As previously stated, Engeny have prepared a surface water investigation report (May 2013) for the overall Underbank Estate, which is located immediately to the west of the development site. The assessment includes the overall review of surface water for the <u>Underbank</u> site, including stormwater quality management.

In terms of stormwater treatment system and as shown in the Figure 4.1 below, there are existing sedimentation and biofiltration basins located within the Underbank development site, to the southwest of the subject site (Refer to Figure 4.1). These existing assets are currently providing stormwater treatment for sub-catchment H of the Underbank Estate and outlet directly to the adjacent Werribee River.

Due to the proximity of these treatment assets to the Hallets Way site and considering the area of the Hallets Way development is relatively minor, it is possible these assets can provide stormwater treatment for the western sub-area. This is further discussed in the subsequent sub-sections.

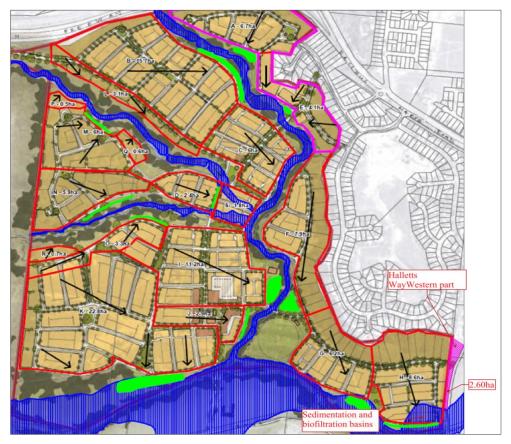


FIGURE 4.1: UNDERBANK ESTATE PLAN (SOURCE: ENGENY SURFACE WATER INVESTIGATION, MAY 2013)



4.2 Policy and EPA Guideline Best Practice Targets

The State Environment Protection Policy (SEPP) defines the required water quality conditions for urban waterways. Clause 56.07-4 of the Victorian Planning Provisions (and the clause 53.18 extension of these requirements to non-residential development) sets the stormwater treatment targets required for development in Victoria to comply with SEPP and the Planning Scheme. In the absence of The Urban Stormwater – Best Practice Environmental Management (BPEM) Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee, 1999), water quality targets are specified by the Urban Stormwater Management Guidance, prepared by EPA (June 2021), as achieving compliance with the SEPP. The BPEM targets are presented in Table 4.1.

TABLE 4.1: BEST PRACTICE POLLUTANT REDUCTION TARGETS

Pollutant	Performance Objectives
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	80% reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	45% reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	45% reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	70% reduction from typical urban load

4.3 MUSIC Modelling Parameters

A Model for Urban Stormwater Conceptualisation (MUSIC) model was developed for the subject site. The model was developed in accordance with the most recent Melbourne Water's MUSIC Modelling Guidelines (2018). The following summarises the key parameters adopted:

- 6-minute rainfall data corresponding to the 10-year period between 1971-1980 from the weather station at Melbourne Airport (086282).
- Soil Store Capacity = 120 mm and Field Capacity = 50 mm in line with Melbourne Water's MUSIC Guidelines.
- Urban mixed land use source nodes were applied.

4.4 Eastern (Lot D) Sub-area

MUSIC modelling was undertaken to determine the stormwater quality assets required for the eastern (Lot D) sub-area, with estimated area of 0.44 ha (Refer to previous Table 1.1) and average fraction impervious of 0.66. MUSIC modelling was undertaken for two treatment options, which are summarised below:

- Option 1 This option proposes implementation of a gross pollutant trap (GPT) such as SPEL stormsack (or equivalent) and a swale (20m length and 5 m width) to treat the majority of the residential area and an additional GPT to treat a small portion of the road.
- Option 2 This option proposes utilisation of gross pollutant trap (GPT) such as SPEL stormsack (or equivalent) and another proprietary device, such as SPEL hydrosystem (or equivalent) to treat the overall sub-area.

The layouts of the MUSIC models are shown in Figure 4.2 and Figure 4.3 and the results are shown in Table 4.2 and Table 4.3.



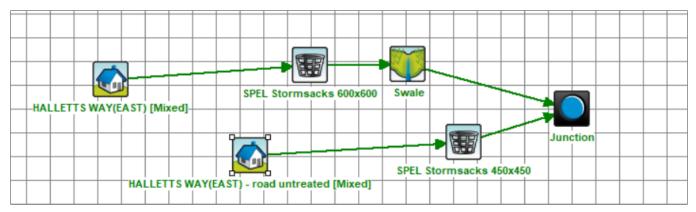


FIGURE 4.2: INDICATIVE MUSIC MODEL SETUP FOR HALLETS WAY EAST (LOT D) SUBAREA OPTION 1

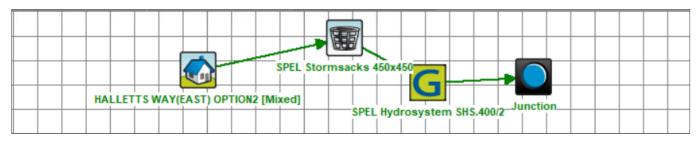


FIGURE 4.3: INDICATIVE MUSIC MODEL SETUP FOR HALLETS WAY EAST (LOT D) SUBAREA OPTION 2

TABLE 4.2: MUSIC MODEL RESULTS FROM HALLETS WAY EAST (LOT D) SIDE (OPTION 1)

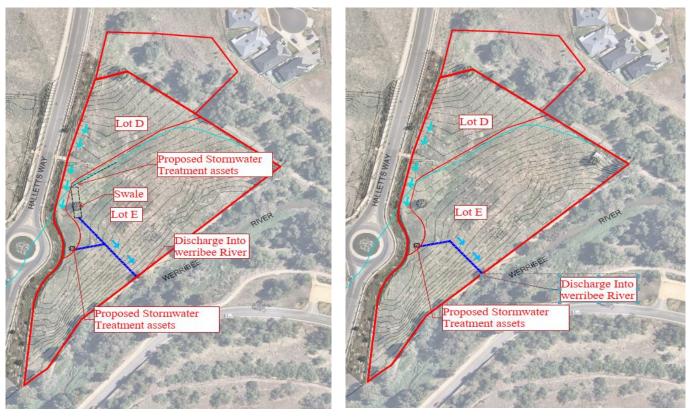
Pollutant	% Removal of Source Load
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	87.7 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	60.8 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	45.3 % reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	100% reduction from typical urban load

TABLE 4.3: MUSIC MODEL RESULTS FROM HALLETS WAY EAST (LOT D) SUBAREA (OPTION 2)

Pollutant	% Removal of Source Load
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	84.2 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	65.2 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	61.3 % reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	97.9 % reduction from typical urban load

The results in the above Table 4.2 and Table 4.3 show that best practice (BPEM) targets are achieved for all the pollutant types with the proposed treatment assets for both options. Concept drainage plan layouts showing both options are provided in Figure 4.4.





OPTION 1

OPTION 2

FIGURE 4.4: CONCEPT STORMWATER TREATMENT LAYOUT PLAN FOR HALLETS WAY EAST (LOT D) SIDE OPTIONS 1 AND 2 The preferred stormwater treatment option will be subject to future subdivision functional layout plan and Council approval.

4.5 Southern (Lot B) Sub-area

MUSIC modelling was undertaken to determine the stormwater quality assets required for the southern (Lot B) sub-area, with estimated area of 0.19 ha (Refer to previous Table 1.1) and average fraction impervious of 0.70. The proposed treatment train includes implementation of a gross pollutant trap (GPT) such as SPEL stormsack (or equivalent) and a swale (19m length and 3 m width) to treat the proposed residential and road of the southern sub-area.

The layout of the MUSIC model is shown in Figure 4.5 and the results are shown in Table 4.4.

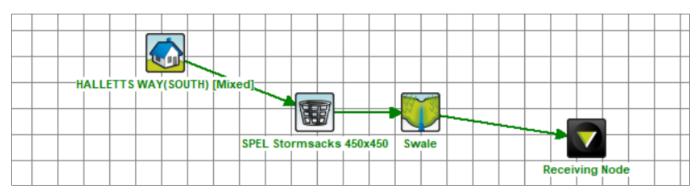


FIGURE 4.5: INDICATIVE MUSIC MODEL SETUP FOR HALLETS WAY SOUTHERN (LOT B) SUBAREA



TABLE 4.4: MUSIC MODEL RESULTS FOR HALLETS WAY SOUTH (LOT B) SUBAREA

Pollutant	% Removal of Source Load
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	90.7% reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	64.9% reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	46.6% reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	100% reduction from typical urban load

The results in Table 4.4 show that best practice (BPEM) targets are achieved for all the pollutant types with the proposed treatment assets. A concept drainage plan is provided in Figure 4.6 below.

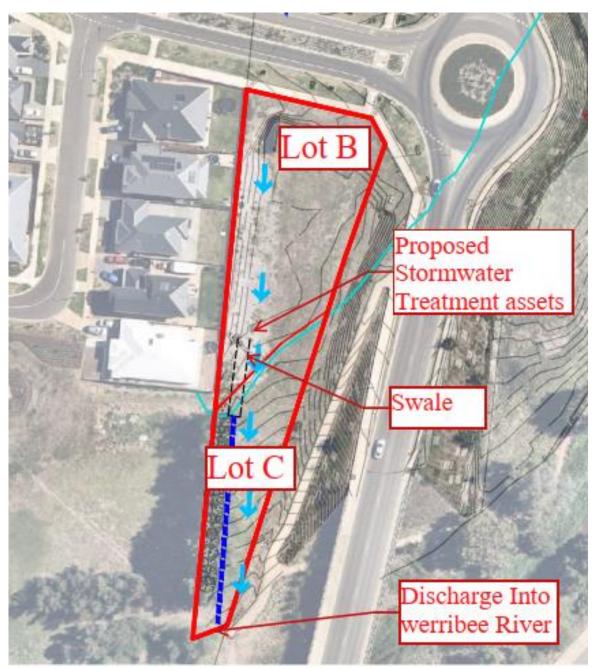


FIGURE 4.6: CONCEPT DRAINAGE PLAN LAYOUT HALLETS WAY SOUTH SUBAREA



4.6 Western (Lot A) Sub-area

As discussed in Section 4.1.1, there are existing sedimentation and biofiltration basins located in Underbank Estate, close to the western (Lot A) subarea of the subject site. These existing assets are currently providing stormwater treatment for sub-catchment H of the Underbank Estate and outlet to the adjacent Werribee River.

The as built plan for the constructed treatment assets in the Underbank Estate is shown in Figure 4.7 and Appendix E: and photos of the existing assets are shown in the following Figure 4.8 and Figure 4.9. These photos were taken on Engeny's recent site visit to the site on 11 May 2023.

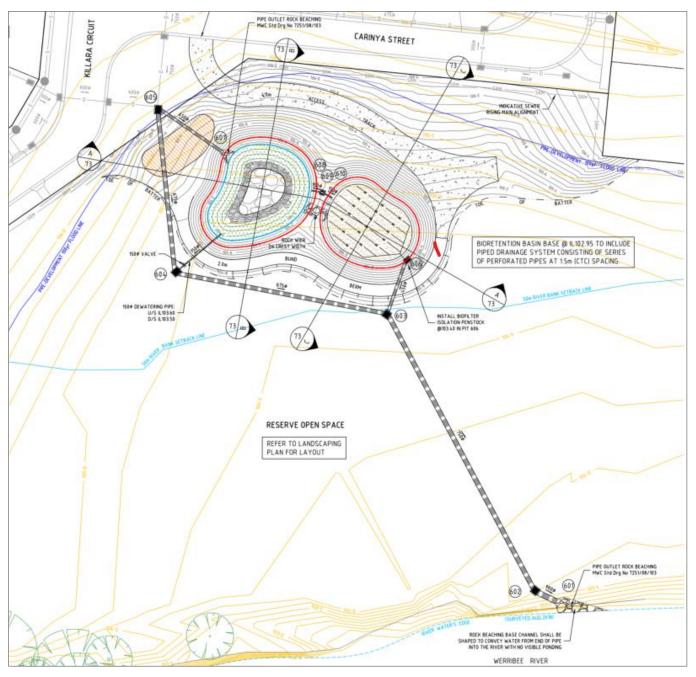


FIGURE 4.7: 'AS-CON' PLANS FOR STAGE 5A RIVER EDGE WSUD (SOURCE: URBAN DESIGN & MANAGEMENT)





FIGURE 4.8: PHOTO OF EXISTING SEDIMENTATION POND AND BIORETENTION SYSTEM AT RIVER EDGE



FIGURE 4.9: PHOTO OF EXISTING SEDIMENTATION POND AND BIORETENTION SYSTEM AT RIVER EDGE



From the as-built drawings, the sedimentation basin area 207 m2 with EDD 0.3m and biofiltration area is 137 m2 with EDD 0.3m and Dry Zone 72m2. Both SB and biofiltration depth are 2m and 1m respectively. From Engeny's site visit it is shown that both sediment and biofiltration basins are in good condition.

Engeny undertook a check of the Underbank Estate MUSIC model to verify whether the additional area of the Halletts Way western (Lot A) sub-area development (with estimated area of 0.5 ha and average fraction impervious of 0.65) can be treated in the existing sedimentation and biofiltration basins treatment and still achieve best practice. Both basins parameters in the MUSIC model have been adjusted to suit the as-built drawings The MUSIC model layout is presented in Figure 4.10 and the results are provided in Table 4.5 and Table 4.6.

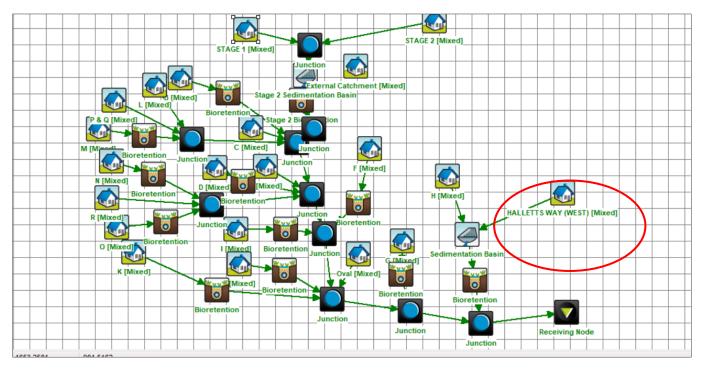


FIGURE 4.10: MUSIC MODEL SETUP FOR HALLETS WAY WEST SUBAREA

TABLE 4.5: MUSIC MODEL RESULTS AT THE EXISTING BIORETENTION ASSETS FOR CATCHMENT H OF UNDERBANK ESTATE AND WESTERN (LOT A) SUB-AREA OF HALLETS WAY

Pollutant	% Removal of Source Load
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	83.2 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	56.6 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	45.4 % reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	100.0 % reduction from typical urban load

TABLE 4.6: MUSIC MODEL RESULTS OF UNDERBANK ESTATE AT THE RECEIVING NODE

Pollutant	% Removal of Source Load
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	81.5 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Phosphorous (TP)	54.5 % reduction from typical urban load
Total Nitrogen (TN)	60.9 % reduction from typical urban load
Gross Pollutants (GP)	85.6 % reduction from typical urban load



The MUSIC model results in Table 4.5 and Table 4.6 indicate that with the additional catchment area from the western sub-area of the Hallets Way development, the existing treatment assets still meet the BPEM targets for all pollutant types. Therefore, the western sub-area of the Hallets Way can be catered for by the existing sedimentation and biofiltration basins located on the southwestern part of the development site (Refer to Figure 4.11 for the concept drainage plan for western sub-area).

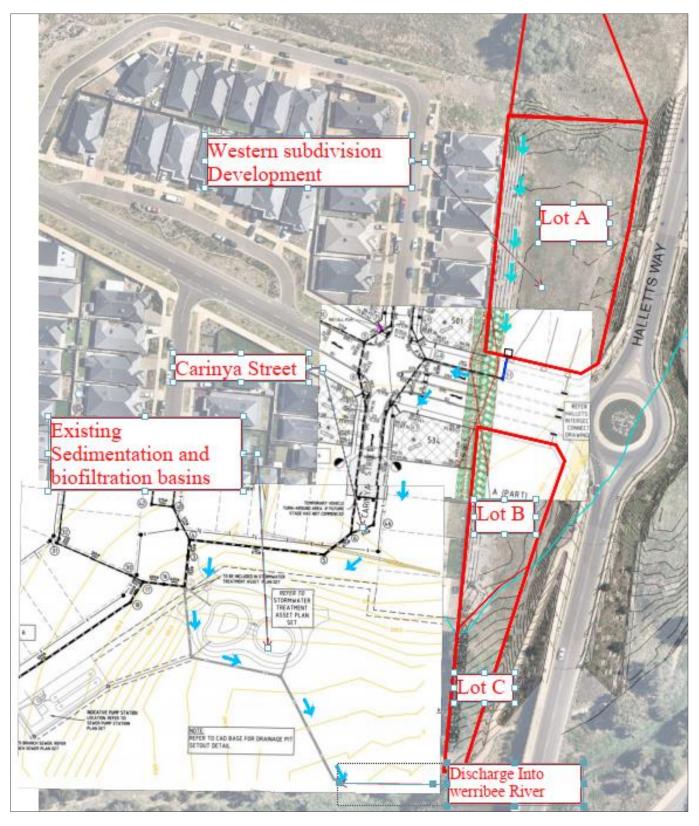


FIGURE 4.11: INDICATIVE CONCEPT DRAINAGE LAYOUT PLAN FOR HALLETS WAY WESTERN (LOT A) SUBAREA



5. CONCLUSIONS

This SWMP, which is required to assist the rezoning application for the proposed 5-lot subdivision plan (from farming to residential zone) located on Halletts way, Bacchus Marsh has been developed to inform the management of stormwater following development of the site. The plan specifies the stormwater management approach and design requirements for managing flows generated on the site. The following summarises the key aspects of the SWMP.

- (1) The stormwater management at the site has been undertaken in accordance with the major and minor drainage system philosophy outlined by the industry guidelines ARR 2019. The minor and major drainage systems are summarised as follows:
 - (a) The minor drainage system at the site will be developed as the development plan and design progress and is likely to consist of a pit and pipe network with sufficient capacity to convey, at minimum, the 20 % AEP event peak flow to the existing drainage system on Adelong Way and Carinya Street and the proposed outfalls on Werribee River.
 - (b) The major drainage system, which include the proposed overland flow path and road network through the site will be constructed to convey up to the 1 % AEP flow to Werribee River.
- (2) This SWMP has considered the suitability of the existing sedimentation pond and bioretention system for treating the estimated runoff from western (Lot A) sub-area, a GPT and a swale or another proprietary device to treat the eastern (Lot D) sub-area and a GPT and a swale to treat the southern (Lot B) sub-area. The suitability of the treatment system for each sub area has been verified using MUSIC modelling. Best practise targets for the reduction of key water quality parameters for each estimated sub-area have been achieved as demonstrated by the MUSIC model results.

Overall, this SWMP for the site has considered the previous stormwater management strategy for the adjacent Underbank development prepared by Engeny (May 2013). Engeny recommends that any further or future considerations for development at the site to consider the ultimate strategy proposed by above report and this SWMP report.

Engeny recommends that another pre-development advice during planning permit application stage should be obtained from Melbourne Water to verify whether the approach of the SWMP achieves Melbourne Water's requirements.



6. QUALIFICATIONS

- (a) In preparing this document, including all relevant calculation and modelling, Engeny Australia Pty Ltd (Engeny) has exercised the degree of skill, care and diligence normally exercised by members of the engineering profession and has acted in accordance with accepted practices of engineering principles.
- (b) Engeny has used reasonable endeavours to inform itself of the parameters and requirements of the project and has taken reasonable steps to ensure that the works and document is as accurate and comprehensive as possible given the information upon which it has been based including information that may have been provided or obtained by any third party or external sources which has not been independently verified.
- (c) Engeny reserves the right to review and amend any aspect of the works performed including any opinions and recommendations from the works included or referred to in the works if:
 - (i) Additional sources of information not presently available (for whatever reason) are provided or become known to Engeny; or
 - (ii) Engeny considers it prudent to revise any aspect of the works in light of any information which becomes known to it after the date of submission.
- (d) Engeny does not give any warranty nor accept any liability in relation to the completeness or accuracy of the works, which may be inherently reliant upon the completeness and accuracy of the input data and the agreed scope of works. All limitations of liability shall apply for the benefit of the employees, agents and representatives of Engeny to the same extent that they apply for the benefit of Engeny.
- (e) This document is for the use of the party to whom it is addressed and for no other persons. No responsibility is accepted to any third party for the whole or part of the contents of this Report.
- (f) If any claim or demand is made by any person against Engeny on the basis of detriment sustained or alleged to have been sustained as a result of reliance upon the Report or information therein, Engeny will rely upon this provision as a defence to any such claim or demand.
- (g) This Report does not provide legal advice.



7. REFERENCES

Engeny (May 2013), Underbank Farm, Bacchus Marsh – Surface Water Investigation

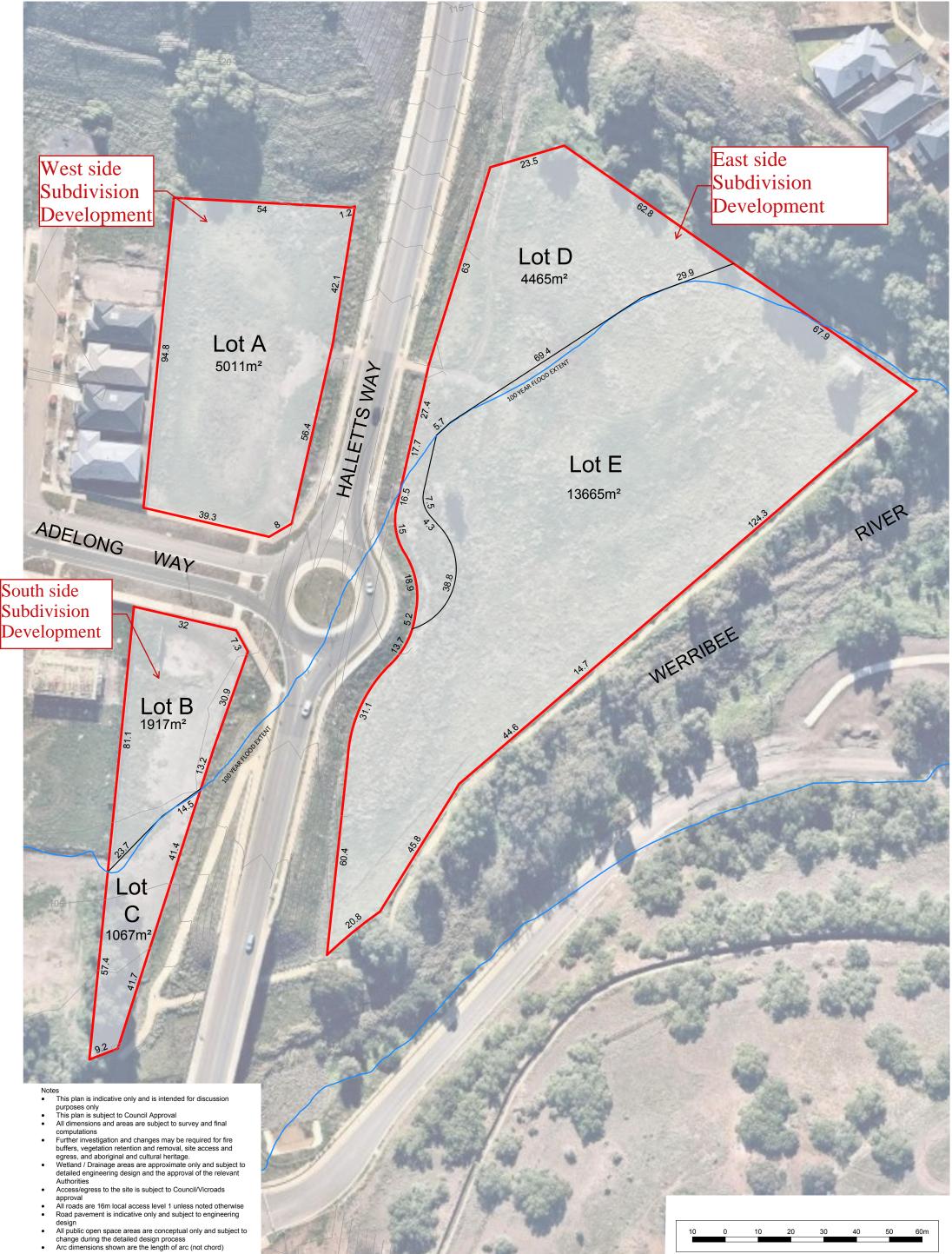
Environment Protection Authority (June 2021), Urban Stormwater Management Guidelines

MapshareVic, Lot S401 Property Report

Bureau of Meteorology, Randwick Avenue IFD data

Local Government Infrastructure Design Association (2022), Infrastructure Design Manual

APPENDIX A: CONCEPT SUBDIVISION LAYOUT PLAN





					Date: 31.05.23
01	02.04.20	Initial Issue	WEB	DRAFT	Version No:
02	05.04.23	Bushfire buffer included	WEB	DRAFT	04 (N)
03	26.05.23	Lot bounadries confrimed	WEB	DRAFT	Job No: 2000150
04	31.05.23	Updated based on client's comments	ОХ	WEB	Scale (A1): 1:500
Version	Date	Description	Drafted	Approved	(A3): 1:1000

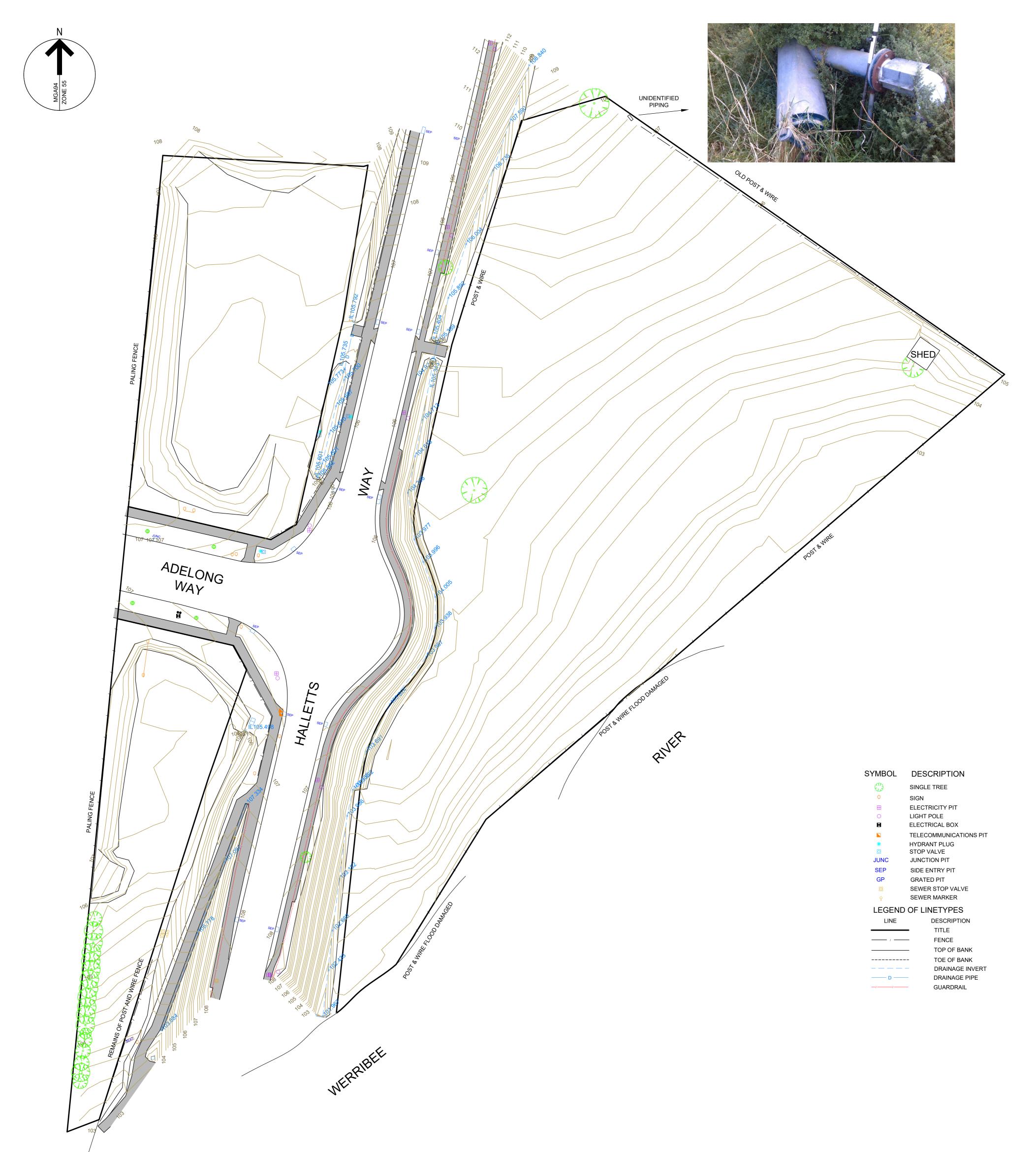
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Indicative Subdivision Plan - Halletts Way

Underbank, Bacchus Marsh

Kataland

APPENDIX B: FEATURE SURVEY



SURVEY NOTES:

DATA ON THIS PLAN MAY ONLY BE MANIPULATED WITH THE PERMISSION OF TAYLORS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGISTS PTY. LTD.

WHILST EVERY EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO LOCATE ALL FEATURES AND SERVICES WITHIN THE SURVEYED AREA, TAYLORS CANNOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR FEATURES CONCEALED, BURIED, OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT THE TIME OF SURVEY.

SURVEY DATUM:

BEARING DATUM - PROJECT MGA94 DATUM

CO-ORDINATE DATUM - PROJECT MGA94 DATUM

LEVEL DATUM - AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM (AHD) BASED ON KORKUPERRIMUL PM 155 - RL: 175.185

FEATURE & LEVEL SURVEY:

THE FOLLOWING ACCURACIES HAVE BEEN ACHIEVED:POSITIONAL ACCURACYHARD SURFACESSOFT SURFACESH \pm 0.05m V +0.025mH \pm 0.05m V +0.05m

DIGITAL TERRAIN MODEL (DTM):

CONTOUR HAVE BEEN GENÉRATED AT INTERVALS OF 0.2m AND LABELLED AT 1m INTERVALS. HAS BEEN PROVIDED ON LAYER "TO_DTM_TRIANGLES" WITHIN THE CAD FILE.

LICENSED SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION:

This plan has been prepared from a survey completed on the 02/06/2023. The survey was carried out under my direction and supervision in accordance with the Surveying Act 2004. This plan is accurate and correctly represents the adopted boundaries and achieves the survey accuracy required by Regulation 7(1) of the Surveying (Cadastral Surveys) Regulations 2015.

Digitally Signed:

6/6/2023

Plenti Property Pty Ltd

PROJECT:

UNDERBANK ESTATE ADELONG WAY BACCHUS MARSH 3340

DRAWING:

PLAN OF FEATURE & LEVEL SURVEY

Proj. Ref:	02111/S		Approved by:	DLS (LS)	
Sheet:	1 of 1		Approval Date:	xx/xx/xxxx	
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APPENDIX C: RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATIONS

Date	16/05/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN



Hallets Way - East Side

Rural Rational Method - Pre Development for Site & External Catchment

Area	0.8267	hectares
Time of Concentration	0.76*A^ ^{0.38}	
	7.4	mins
-		
C _{5 (C10*0.9)}	0.14	
C ₁₀	0.15	
C _{20 (C10*1.1)}	0.17	
C _{50 (C10*1.2)}	0.18	
C _{100 (C10*1.3)}	0.20	
I_5 (5 year intensity for tc)	66.3	mm/hr
I 10 (10 year intensity for tc)	81.0	mm/hr
I_{20} (20 year intensity for tc)	95.9	mm/hr
50 (50 year intensity for tc)	116.7	mm/hr
I 100 (100 year intensity for tc)	133.3	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q₅	0.021	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.029	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.037	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.049	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.061	m³/s

Date	16/05/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN



Hallets Way - East Side

Rural Rational Method - Post Development External Catchment only

Area	0.3836	hectares
Time of Concentration	0.76*A^ ^{0.38}	
	5.5	mins
C _{5 (C10*0.9)}	0.14	
C ₁₀	0.15	
C _{20 (C10*1.1)}	0.17	
C _{50 (C10*1.2)}	0.18	
C _{100 (C10*1.3)}	0.20	
I_5 (5 year intensity for tc)	72.5	mm/hr
110 (10 year intensity for tc)	88.4	mm/hr
I_{20} (20 year intensity for tc)	104.6	mm/hr
1 ₅₀ (50 year intensity for tc)	127.2	mm/hr
 100 (100 year intensity for tc)	144.9	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q₅	0.011	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.014	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.019	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.025	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.031	m³/s

Date	19/07/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN

Hallets Way - East Side (Lot D) Rational Method - Post Dev - Site Only

Site development		
Area	0.443	hectares
Time of Concentration	Residential	
	6.0	mins
C ₅	0.75	
C ₁₀	0.75	
C ₂₀	0.75	
C ₅₀	0.75	
C ₁₀₀	0.75	
I ₅ (5 year intensity for tc)	71.5	mm/hr
110 (10 year intensity for tc)	87.0	mm/hr
I 20 (20 year intensity for tc)	103.2	mm/hr
1 ₅₀ (50 year intensity for tc)	125.4	mm/hr
I 100 (100 year intensity for tc)	142.8	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q₅	0.066	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.080	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.095	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.116	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.132	m³/s

gap flow

0.097 m³/s



Date	16/05/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN



Hallets Way-West Side

Rural Rational Method - Pre Development for Site & External Catchment

Area	0.7661	hectares
Time of Concentration	0.76*A^ ^{0.38}	
	7.2	mins
C _{5 (C10*0.9)}	0.14	
C ₁₀	0.15	
C _{20 (C10*1.1)}	0.17	
C _{50 (C10*1.2)}	0.18	
C _{100 (C10*1.3)}	0.20	
I_5 (5 year intensity for tc)	67.0	mm/hr
I10 (10 year intensity for tc)	81.8	mm/hr
I_{20} (20 year intensity for tc)	96.9	mm/hr
150 (50 year intensity for tc)	117.9	mm/hr
I 100 (100 year intensity for tc)	134.6	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q₅	0.020	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.027	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.035	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.046	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.057	m³/s

Date	16/05/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN



Hallets Way-West Side

Rural Rational Method - Post Development for External Catchment

Area	0.263	hectares
Time of Concentration	0.76*A^ ^{0.38}	
	4.8	mins
-		
C _{5 (C10*0.9)}	0.14	
C ₁₀	0.15	
C _{20 (C10*1.1)}	0.17	
C _{50 (C10*1.2)}	0.18	
C _{100 (C10*1.3)}	0.20	
I_5 (5 year intensity for tc)	75.0	mm/hr
110 (10 year intensity for tc)	91.3	mm/hr
20 (20 year intensity for tc)	108.1	mm/hr
50 (50 year intensity for tc)	131.3	mm/hr
1100 (100 year intensity for tc)	149.4	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q ₅	0.008	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.010	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.013	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.018	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.022	m³/s

Date	19/07/2023
Calculations	CM
Reviewed	LN



Hallets Way-West Side Rational Method - Post Dev - Site Only

	Site development		
Area	0.5031 hectar		
Time of Concentration	Residential		
	6.0	mins	
C ₅	0.75		
C ₁₀	0.75		
C ₂₀	0.75		
C ₅₀	0.75		
C ₁₀₀	0.75		
I ₅ (5 year intensity for tc)	71.5	mm/hr	
I 10 (10 year intensity for tc)	87.0	mm/hr	
I 20 (20 year intensity for tc)	103.2	mm/hr	
50 (50 year intensity for tc)	125.4	mm/hr	
I_{100} (100 year intensity for tc)	142.8	mm/hr	
Q	C*I*A/360		
Q₅	0.075	m³/s	
Q ₁₀	0.091	m³/s	
Q ₂₀	0.108	m³/s	
Q ₅₀	0.131	m³/s	
Q ₁₀₀	0.150	m³/s	

gap flow

0.097 m³/s

Date Calculations Reviewed 16/05/2023 CM



Hallets Way South Side

Rural Rational Method - Pre Development for Site & External Catchment

Area	0.1951	hectares
Time of Concentration	0.76*A^ ^{0.38}	
	4.3	mins
-		
C _{5 (C10*0.9)}	0.14	
C ₁₀	0.15	
C _{20 (C10*1.1)}	0.17	
C _{50 (C10*1.2)}	0.18	
C _{100 (C10*1.3)}	0.20	
I ₅ (5 year intensity for tc)	76.7	mm/hr
I 10 (10 year intensity for tc)	93.4	mm/hr
20 (20 year intensity for tc)	110.5	mm/hr
1 ₅₀ (50 year intensity for tc)	134.2	mm/hr
1100 (100 year intensity for tc)	152.6	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q₅	0.006	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.008	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.010	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.013	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.017	m³/s

0.077

Date	19/07/2023
Calculations	СМ
Reviewed	LN

Hallets Way South Side (Lot B) Rational Method - Post Dev - Site Only

Site development		
Area	0.1951	hectares
Time of Concentration	Residential	
	6.0	mins
C ₅	0.72	
C ₁₀	0.72	
C ₂₀	0.72	
C ₅₀	0.72	
C ₁₀₀	0.72	
I_{5} (5 year intensity for tc)	71.5	mm/hr
I_{10} (10 year intensity for tc)	87.0	mm/hr
I_{20} (20 year intensity for tc)	103.2	mm/hr
I_{50} (50 year intensity for tc)	125.4	mm/hr
I_{100} (100 year intensity for tc)	142.8	mm/hr
Q	C*I*A/360	
Q ₅	0.028	m³/s
Q ₁₀	0.034	m³/s
Q ₂₀	0.040	m³/s
Q ₅₀	0.049	m³/s
Q ₁₀₀	0.056	m³/s

ENGENY

0.173

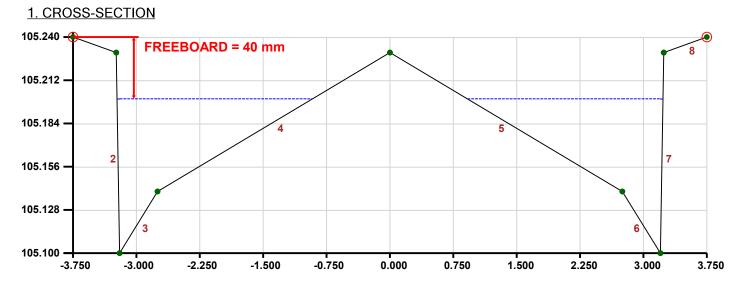
0.334

gap flow

0.03 m³/s

APPENDIX D: PC CONVEY RESULTS

PROJECT: Hallets Way - East Side - Typical Road XS 7m Width Comment Print-out date: 20/07/2023 - Time: 3:46 Data File: VC1033_002-Hallets Way East-7m Road XS.dat



2. DISCHARGE INFORMATION

1% AEP storm event

Design discharge after construction of retarding basin

Required overland / channel / watercourse discharge = 0.09 cumecs

3. RESULTS Water surface elevation = 105.200 m

High Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200, Main Channel / Low Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200.

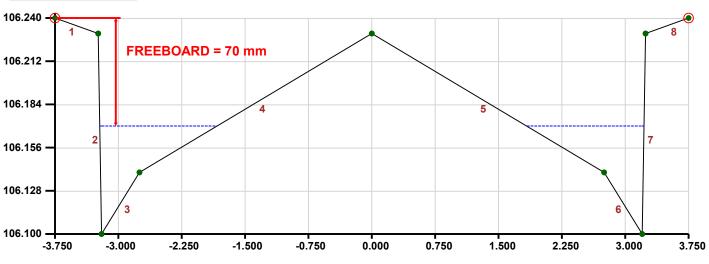
	LEFT OVERBANK	MAIN CHANNEL	RIGHT OVERBANK	TOTAL CROSS-SECTION
Discharge (cumecs):	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.115
D(Max) = Max. Depth (m):	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.100
D(Ave) = Ave. Depth (m):	0.000	0.040	0.000	0.040
V = Ave. Velocity (m/s):	0.000	0.622	0.000	0.622
D(Max) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.062	0.000	0.062
D(Ave) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.025	0.000	0.025
Froude Number:	0.000	0.994	0.000	N/A
Area (m^2):	0.000	0.185	0.000	0.185
Wetted Perimeter (m):	0.000	4.781	0.000	4.781
Flow Width (m):	0.000	4.628	0.000	4.628
Hydraulic Radius (m):	0.000	0.039	0.000	0.039
Composite Manning's n:	0.000	0.013	0.000	N/A
Split Flow?	-	-	-	Yes

4. CROSS-SECTION DATA

	LEFT HAND	POINT	RIGHT HAND		
<u>SEGMENT NO.</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>MANNING'S N</u>
1	-3.750	105.240	-3.240	105.230	0.013
2	-3.240	105.230	-3.200	105.100	0.013
3	-3.200	105.100	-2.750	105.140	0.013
4	-2.750	105.140	0.000	105.230	0.013
5	0.000	105.230	2.750	105.140	0.013
6	2.750	105.140	3.200	105.100	0.013
7	3.200	105.100	3.240	105.230	0.013
8	3.240	105.230	3.750	105.240	0.013

PROJECT: Hallets Way - South Side - Typical Road XS 7m Width Comment Print-out date: 23/05/2023 - Time: 4:51 Data File: VC1033_002-Hallets Way South-7m Road XS.dat

1. CROSS-SECTION



2. DISCHARGE INFORMATION

1% AEP storm event Design discharge after construction of retarding basin

Required overland / channel / watercourse discharge = 0.03 cumecs

3. RESULTS Water surface elevation = 106.170 m

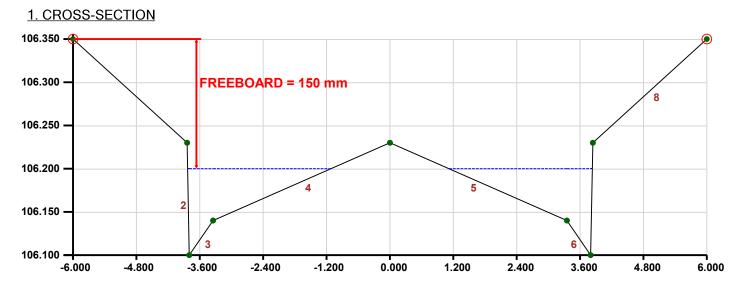
High Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200, Main Channel / Low Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200.

	LEFT OVERBANK	MAIN CHANNEL	RIGHT OVERBANK	TOTAL CROSS-SECTION
Discharge (cumecs):	0.000	0.035	0.000	0.035
D(Max) = Max. Depth (m):	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.070
D(Ave) = Ave. Depth (m):	0.000	0.027	0.000	0.027
V = Ave. Velocity (m/s):	0.000	0.473	0.000	0.473
D(Max) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.033	0.000	0.033
D(Ave) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.013	0.000	0.013
Froude Number:	0.000	0.925	0.000	N/A
Area (m^2):	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.074
Wetted Perimeter (m):	0.000	2.884	0.000	2.884
Flow Width (m):	0.000	2.776	0.000	2.776
Hydraulic Radius (m):	0.000	0.026	0.000	0.026
Composite Manning's n:	0.000	0.013	0.000	N/A
Split Flow?	-	-	-	Yes

4. CROSS-SECTION DATA

	LEFT HAND POINT		RIGHT HAND		
<u>SEGMENT NO.</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>MANNING'S N</u>
1	-3.750	106.240	-3.240	106.230	0.013
2	-3.240	106.230	-3.200	106.100	0.013
3	-3.200	106.100	-2.750	106.140	0.013
4	-2.750	106.140	0.000	106.230	0.013
5	0.000	106.230	2.750	106.140	0.013
6	2.750	106.140	3.200	106.100	0.013
7	3.200	106.100	3.240	106.230	0.013
8	3.240	106.230	3.750	106.240	0.013

PROJECT: Hallets Way - West Side - Typical Road XS 12m Width Comment Print-out date: 20/07/2023 - Time: 3:52 Data File: VC1033_002-Hallets Way West-12m Road XS.dat



2. DISCHARGE INFORMATION

1% AEP storm event

Design discharge after construction of retarding basin

Required overland / channel / watercourse discharge = 0.09 cumecs

3. RESULTS Water surface elevation = 106.200 m

High Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200, Main Channel / Low Flow Channel grade = 1 in 200.

	LEFT OVERBANK	MAIN CHANNEL	RIGHT OVERBANK	TOTAL CROSS-SECTION
Discharge (cumecs):	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.127
D(Max) = Max. Depth (m):	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.100
D(Ave) = Ave. Depth (m):	0.000	0.039	0.000	0.039
V = Ave. Velocity (m/s):	0.000	0.609	0.000	0.609
D(Max) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.061	0.000	0.061
D(Ave) x V (cumecs/m):	0.000	0.023	0.000	0.023
Froude Number:	0.000	0.991	0.000	N/A
Area (m^2):	0.000	0.209	0.000	0.209
Wetted Perimeter (m):	0.000	5.581	0.000	5.581
Flow Width (m):	0.000	5.428	0.000	5.428
Hydraulic Radius (m):	0.000	0.037	0.000	0.037
Composite Manning's n:	0.000	0.013	0.000	N/A
Split Flow?	-	-	-	Yes

4. CROSS-SECTION DATA

	LEFT HAND	POINT	RIGHT HAND		
<u>SEGMENT NO.</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>CHAINAGE (m)</u>	<u>R.L. (m)</u>	<u>MANNING'S N</u>
1	-6.000	106.350	-3.840	106.230	0.030
2	-3.840	106.230	-3.800	106.100	0.013
3	-3.800	106.100	-3.350	106.140	0.013
4	-3.350	106.140	0.000	106.230	0.013
5	0.000	106.230	3.350	106.140	0.013
6	3.350	106.140	3.800	106.100	0.013
7	3.800	106.100	3.840	106.230	0.013
8	3.840	106.230	6.000	106.350	0.030

APPENDIX E: LAYOUT PLAN OF EXISTING SEDIMENTATION AND BIOFILTRATION BASINS

UNDERBANK **Rivers Edge - Stage 5 Bioretention & Sediment Basins**



DRAWING INDEX						
JOB No	SHEET No	SHEET DESCRIPTION				
11022-05	71	LOCALITY PLAN				
11022-05	72	DETAIL PLAN				
11022-05	73	SECTIONS				
11022-05	74	SETOUT				
11022-05	75	DRAINAGE LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, PIT SCHEDULE & DETAILS				

KATALAND



GENERAL NOTES

AUTHORITY WORKS INSPECTIONS

1 THE CONTRACT SUPERINTENDENT OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE NOTIFIED 24 HOURS BEFORE ANY INSPECTION IS DUE FOR ALL WORKS INSPECTIONS BY COUNCIL AND 3 WORKING DAYS FOR WATER AUTHORI

WORKS VARIATIONS

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT UNDERTAKE ANY WORK WHICH MAY LEAD TO A CLAIMABLE VARIATION(S) WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE CONTRACT SUPERINTENDENT

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3. COUNCIL IS TO BE NOTIFIED SEVEN (7) CLEAR WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS WITH A PRECOMMENCEMENT MEETING BEING HELD BETWEEN COUNCIL, THE CONSULTANT AND THE CONTRACTOR BEFORE WORKS COMMENCE. A SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN IS TO BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS.
- 4. ALL WORKS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCILS CURRENT STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, THE APPROVED SET OF CONSTRUCTION PLANS, AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT
- IN THE EVENT OF ANY DISREPANCY THE CONTRACTOR IS TO SEEK CLARIFICATION FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT 5. ALL WORKS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS2124-1992 GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.
- 6 THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CONFINE ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES TO THE ROAD RESERVE AND EASEMENTS.
- ANY DAMAGE CAUSED TO ALLOTMENTS MUST BE MADE GOOD.
- 7. AT THE COMPLETION OF ALL WORKS, ALL RUBBISH, DEBRIS AND SURPLUS SPOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND THE SITE SHALL BE CLEANED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ALL NECESSARY WARNING SIGNS, LIGHTING AND BAR COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ROAD TRAFFIC REGULATIONS
- SURVEYING AND SETTING OUT
- 9. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 10 ALL LEVELS ARE TO ALISTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM (AHD)
- 11. ALL CO-ORDINATES ARE TO AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID (AMG).
- 12. ALL ROAD CHAINAGES REFER TO ROAD RESERVE CENTRELINES EXCEPT FOR KERB RETURNS AND COURT HEADS WHERE CHAINAGES REFER TO LIP OF KERB.
- 13. KERB RETURN RADII ARE GIVEN TO UP OF KERB, UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE
- 14. ALL EASEMENTS ARE 2.5m OR 3.5m WIDE DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE EASEMENTS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN
- 15. TBM'S TO BE RE-ESTABLISHED BY THE PRINCIPLES LICENSED SURVEYOR IF FOUND TO BE MISSING AT THE
- COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF TBM'S THEREAFTER
- 16. AN ELECTRONIC COPY OF THE DESIGN DRAWINGS WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE CONTRACTOR FOR THE PURPOSE OF SETTING OUT
- 17. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO OBTAIN A BUILDING PERMIT FOR ANY STRUCTURES / FENCES AND FOR ANY RETAINING WALLS OVER 1.0M IN HEIG

EARTHWORKS AND EXCAVATION

- 18. EXCESS TOPSOIL SHALL BECOME PROPERTY OF THE PRINCIPLE AND STORED AT THE CENTRAL TOPSOIL STOCKPILE AS DIRECTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT. NO TOPSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE WITHOUT SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE SUPERINTENDEN
- 19. WHERE SHOWN, EXISTING DAMS ARE TO BE BREACHED, DRAINED, DISLODGED AND BE EXCAVATED TO A CLEAN FIRM BASE. THE SURFACE SHALL BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AND LEVELLED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK THE FILL SHALL BE APPROVED SELECTED ON-SITE MATERIAL OR APPROVED IMPORTED ITERIAL. THE FILL SHALL BE PLACED UNDER CONTROLLED MOISTURE CONDITIONS. OF BETWEEN 85% AND 125% OF OPTIMUM AND APPROPRIATE TO THE TYPE OF COMPACTION EQUIPMENT USED. THE FILL SHALL BE UNIFORMLY COMPACTED IN LAYERS NOT EXCEEDING 150MM DEPTH TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD DRY DENSITY.
- 20. PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORKS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION
- a) SOURCE OF QUARRY MATERIAL
- b) N.A.T.A. APPROVED TESTS RESULTS FOR THE F.C.R. THAT IS TO BE USED c) IF THE SOURCE OF THE QUARRY MATERIAL IS CHANGED DURING THE COURSE OF THE WORKS. THEN NEW TEST
- RESULTS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS ON SITE, THE CONTRACTOR MUST ENSURE THAT ALL MATTERS RELATING TO
- THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT 2004 AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS 2007, HAVE BEEN AND WILL BE COMPLIED WITH.
- 22. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND SERVICES PRIOR TO COMMENCING EXCAVATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING SERVICE AUTHORITIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORKS ON SITE.
- 23. WHERE WORKS ARE IN THE VICINITY OF EXISTING SERVICES, THESE SERVICES ARE TO BE EXPOSED AND PROVED RIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS, AND THE RELEVANT AUTHORITIES NOTIFIED SEVEN (7) CLEAR DAYS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORKS.
- 24. ALL TRENCHING OF DEPTH 1.5m OR GREATER SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS 2007, PART 5 1 CONSTRUCTION
- 25. ON COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS, THE CONTRACTOR MUST COMPLY WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY PUBLICATION "CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES FOR SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL." APPROPRIATE SILTATION CONTROL IS TO BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION AND INTENANCE PERIOD OF THE WORKS.
- 26. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ERECT AND MAINTAIN ALL SHORING, PLANKING AND STRUTTING, DEWATERING DEVICES BARRICADES, SIGNS, LIGHTS, ETC. NECESSARY TO KEEP WORKS IN A SAFE AND STABLE CONDITION, AND TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC FROM HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH THE WORKS.

27. ON-SITE BLASTING IS NOT RECOMMENDED. IF BLASTING IS REQUIRED THEN THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOTIFY THE SUPERINTENDENT AND COUNCIL IN WRITING, AND OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS AND LICENSES. BLASTING IS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT REGULATIONS, DANGEROUS GOODS (EXPLOSIVES) REGULATIONS 2000 AND WORKSAFE VICTORIA REQUIREMENTS.

- 28. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE DETAILS IN WRITING OF THE DISPOSAL SITE FOR EXCESS SPOIL INCLUDING THE TRUCK ROUTE AND SUBMT TO COUNCILS REPRESENTATIVE FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY NORKS
- 29. FILL AREAS TO BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL, FILLED AND TOPSOIL REPLACED TO OBTAIN FINAL FILL LEVELS AS SHO PLAN. FILLING IS TO BE CLEAN CLAY COMPACTED TO A DENSITY NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY VALUE DETERMINED BY THE STANDARD COMPACTION TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S.1289.5.1.1-2003.
- 30 FILLING TO COMPLY WITH A \$ 3798-2007 (GUIDELINES ON FARTHWORKS FOR COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIA DEVELOPMENT
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ALL IMPORTED FILL MATERIAL, INCLUDING TOPSOIL, SATISFIES THE DESCRIPTION FOR CLEAN FILL MATERIAL IN EPA BULLETIN PUBLICATION NO 448 (MAY 2007) AND SUBSEQUENT REVISIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IF REQUIRED PROVIDE VERIFICATION INCLUDING TEST CERTIFICATES TO THE SUPERINTENDENT AND COUNCILS REPRESENTATIVE.

LOT GRADING

- COUNCIL. 32. ALL BLOCKS ARE TO HAVE A SURFACE GRADE WITH A MIN. FALL OF 1 IN 150 ALONG THE LOW SIDE BOUNDARY TO THE 62. FOR ALL DRAINAGE PITS, REFER TO COUNCIL STANDARD DRAWINGS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE POINT OF DISCHARGE
- CONCRETE WORKS 33. THE FINISHED SURFACE OF ALLOTMENTS AND RESERVES IN FILL SHALL BE SMOOTHED, GRADED AND SHAPED TO AN 63. GENERALLY (SM2) SEMI-MOUNTABLE KERB AND CHANNEL IS TO BE POURED THROUGHOUT THE SUBDIVISION. WHERE EVEN SURFACE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

DRAINAGE

OTHER KERB TYPES ARE REQUIRED THEY ARE SPECIFICALLY SHOWN ON THE DRAWING 34 LINEFSS OTHERWISE SHOWN, BATTERS INTO ALLOTMENTS SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 1 IN 6. NATURE STRIPS AN 64. ALL NEW CONCRETE WORKS SHALL BE JOINED INTO ABUTTING EXISTING CONCRETE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL ALL AREAS OF CUT OUTSIDE THE ROAD RESERVE SHALL BE SURFACED WITH 100MM MINIMUM COMPACTED LAYER OF STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. TOPSOIL. IF THE SOIL IS NOT DEEMED SUITABLE, IT SHALL BE IMPORTED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

- 85. ANY EXPOSED AGGREGATE CONCRETE WORKS TO BE ACHIEVED BY SAND-BLASTING ONLY. WASHING AGGREGA EXISTING TREES WITH WATER IS NOT PERMITTED. 35. ALL TREES AND SHRUBS ARE TO BE RETAINED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN OR DIRECTED BY COUNCILS 66. CONCRETE STRENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 25MPA AT 28 DAYS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED REPRESENTATIVE 67. TRANSITION BETWEEN DIFFERENT KERB PROFILES SHALL BE OVER 3m IF THEY CANNOT BE INCORPORATED INTO A
- 36. WHERE, AS A CONDITION OF THE PLANNING PERMIT OR AS A RESULT OF THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING, FENCING OF AREAS CONTAINING TREES, NATIVE GRASSES AND SHRUBS IS REQUIRED, A THREE STRAND STAR PICKET AND WIRE ENCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED.
- 37. NO EXCAVATION SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN WITHIN 5m OF ANY EXISTING TREE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE SUPERINTENDENT
- 38 LOPPING OF BRANCHES ON PRESERVED TREES TO BE DIRECTED BY SUPERINTENDENT
- 39. TREES MARKED ON PLANS FOR REMOVAL MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS. APPROVAL FROM COUNCILS REPRESENTATIVE SHOULD BE OBTAINED PRIOR. ANY TREES REMOVED, VEGETATION OR OTHER MATERIALS ARE NOT TO BE BURNT ON SITE.

EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE

- 40. ANY EXISTING PAVEMENT OR DRA NAGE WORKS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION OR THE MAINTENANCE PERIOD TO BE REINSTATED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND COUNCILS REPRESENTATIVE
- 41 WHERE NEW ASPHALT CONCRETE K & C. PATHS AND DRIVEWAYS MATCH INTO EXISTING. THE EXISTING SURFACE IS TO BE SAW CUT AND MATCHED NEATLY
- 42. ALL REDUNDANT ASSETS ARE TO BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OFF SITE.
- 43. ALL EXISTING AUTHORITY ASSETS AFFECTED BY THE WORKS; SHALL BE REINSTATED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO THE COMPLETION OF THE WORKS AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ASSET OWNER
- WHERE IT IS INTENDED TO INSTALL SERVICES OR OTHER EQUIPMENT UNDER EXISTING PAVEMENTS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN A PERMIT AND PAY ANY FEES, FROM THE COUNCIL OR OTHER ROAD AUTHORITY PRIOR TO UNDERTAKING ANY EXCAVATION.

SERVICES

- 45. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCING AND EXCAVATION BY CONTACTING ALL LOCAL SERVICE AUTHORITIES. ANY EXISTING SERVICES SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE OFFERED AS A GUIDE ONLY AND ARE NOT GUARANTEED AS CORRECT.
- 46. EXISTING SEWER AND STORM WATER DRAINAGE BACK FILLING UNDER THE ROAD PAVEMENT AND BEHIND KERB AND CHANNEL (WITHIN THE ROAD RESERVATION) SHALL BE REPLACED WITH CLASS 2 CRUSHED ROCK.
- GAS AND WATER CONDUITS TO BE 50mm DIA. P.V.C. PIPE CLASS 12 LAID AT A A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 225mm BELOW ROAD SUBGRADE LEVEL UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 48. CONDUITS FOR GAS AND WATER SERVICES ARE TO BE LOCATED IN THE POSITIONS SHOWN. THEY ARE TO BE PLACED AT 81. ALL SIGNS TO BE CLASS 1 HIGH INTENSITY TYPE AND TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF A.S.1743 -2001 RIGHT ANGLES TO THE KERB AND SERVICE ALIGNMENT AND ARE TO EXTEND MIN 600mm BEHIND THE BACK OF KERB. CONDUITS ARE TOO REFERENCED IN 50mm HIGH LETTERS ON THE FACE OF KERB AND CHANNEL. LANDSCAPING
- 49. GAS AND WATER CONDUITS ARE TO BE LAID WITH THE FOLLOWING MIN, COVER TO FINISHED SURFACE LEVELS: UNDER 82. RESERVES TO BE LEFT IN A CONDITION SATISFACTORY TO THE COUNCILS SUPERVISING ENGINEER ROADS- 0.9m ELSEWHERE- 0.6 83. TOPSOILING WORKS ARE TO BE PREPARED AS SPECIFIED FOR HAND OVER TO THE LANDSCAPING CONTRACTOR
- WATER TAPINGS FOR LOTS SITUATED ON THE SAME SIDE OF THE WATER MAIN ARE TO BE LOCATED AT THE CENTRE OF THE LOT UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. THE KERB IS TO BE MARKED 'W' WITH AN ARROW POINTING TO THE TAPING.
- 51. REFER TO THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS DRAWINGS (BY OTHERS) FOR DETAILS ON CONDUITS AND TRENCHING
- 52. REFER TO THE ELECTRICAL AND LIGHTING DRAWINGS (BY OTHERS) FOR DETAILS ON CONDUITS AND TRENCHING
- ALL SERVICE CONDUITS TRENCHES UNDER ROAD PAVEMENTS ARE TO BE BACKFILLED WITH 20mm 3% CEMENT TREATER CLASS 3 CRUSHED ROCK COMPACTED TO A DENSITY NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY VALUE DETERMINED BY THE MODIFIED COMPACTION TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH A \$ 1289 5 1 1-2003
- 54. ALL FIRE HYDRANTS ARE TO BE MARKED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "IDENTIFICATION OF STREET HYDRANTS FOR FIREFIGHTING PURPOSES" PUBLICATION (DEVELOPED BY C.F.A, M.F.E.S.B.& N.R.E). MARKINGS TO BE VIA BLUE RAISED REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER AND A MARKER POST.

					-	Melway Reference 333 E7	UrbanDesign	Designed T. MOTET	UNDERBA
							Urban Design and Management Pty Ltd	Checked T.PHILLIPS	MOORABOOL
					UNDERBANK		PO Box 468 Sunbury 3429 Phone: +61 3 9971 6300 Fax: +61 3 9971 6399	Approved T.MILINKOVIC	BIORETENTI LOCALITY PL
A	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	11.09.18	MR	TM	Preliminary Plan	Principal KATALAND LEVEL 10, 278 COLLINS ST	Office 1, Level 1, 114 Evans Street, Sunbury, VIC, 3249	Date	-
No	REVISION	DATE	DES/DFT	APPROVED	NATIONAL AND A STREET	MELBOURNE VIC 3000	Project Management Land Development Civil Engineering Traffic and Transport Engineering Urban Design	SEPTEMBER 2018	

BANK Drawing No: 11022-05-71 GE - STAGE 5 Revision: Α OL SHIRE COUNCIL TION & SEDIMENT BASINS Sheet No: 1 of 5 PLAN & NOTES Scale @ A1 NOT APPLICABLE © Urban Design and Management Pty Ltd ABN 62 525 443 156

85. ALL DISTURBED AREAS, IE, NATURESTRIPS, BATTERS, ALLOTMENTS & RESERVES, ARE TO BE REINSTATED TO A CLEAN, TIDY CONDITION, TOP DRESSED (100mm LOAMY TOP SOIL FREE OF CLUMPS, SODS AND CLAY LUMPS) AND SOWN WITH GRASS SEED. SEED IS TO BE A GENERAL PARKLAND AND NATURESTRIP BLEND AS APPROVED BY COUNCIL UNLESS

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT 79. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES, SIGNS AND LINEMARKING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH A.S.1742 - 1, 2 & 3.

- LINEMARKING TO BE CARRIED OUT USING THERMOPLASTIC PAINT

VALUE DETERMINED BY THE STANDARD COMPACTION TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH A \$ 1289.5.1.1.2003

80. STREET NAME SIGNS ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL STANDARD DRAWING AND SPECIFICATION

OTHERWISE DETAILED. GRASS IS TO BE ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO THE END OF THE MAINTENANCE PERIOD.

- 84. SOFT SPOTS, WHERE DIRECTED BY THE SUPERVISING ENGINEER ARE TO BE EXCAVATED AND BACKFILLED WITH
- 78. PAVEMENT SUB-BASE AND BEDDING TO KERB AND CHANNEL IS TO EXTEND 150mm BEHIND BACK OF KERE

SPECIFIED MATERIALS.

PAVEMENTS

COUNCIL. AND CONSTRUCTED IN LAYERS 150mm THICK WITH COMPACTION ACHIEVING 95% AUSTRALIAN STANDARD 75. WEARING COURSE TO BE CONSTRUCTED 5mm ABOVE LIP OF KERB AND CHANNEL

CONCRETE, BITUMEN OR OTHER APPROVED PAVEMEN

INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE FINAL PAVEMENT COURSE.

AS1428.4 AND BE APPROVED BY COUNCIL

69. DRIVEWAYS ARE TO BE LOCATED, 0.45M FROM SIDE BOUNDARY OR EASEMENT AND CLEAR OF DRAINAGE PITS, SEWER MANHOLES AND EXISTING TREES UNLESS SHOWN OTH 70. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED, FOOTPATHS MUST BE PROVIDED ON AT LEAST ONE SIDE OF ALL ROADS AND STREETS HAVING FRONTAGE FROM LOTS IN THE SUBDIVISION. 71 FOOTPATHS ARE TO BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCILS STANDARD DRAWINGS AND CONSTRUCTED OF

73. WHERE TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS ARE REQUIRED THEY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

74. WHERE PAVEMENT IS CONSTRUCTED ON FILLING, FILL MATERIAL IS TO BE APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT AND

76. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CO-OPERATE WITH OTHER AUTHORITIES AND SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL SERVICES ARE

77 PAVEMENT DEPTH SPECIFIED IS A MINIMUM DEPTH AND MAY BE VARIED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT AND/OR COUNCILS

REPRESENTATIVE. SOFT SPOTS SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO A PROOF ROLLED BASE AND BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED

MATERIAL COMPACTED IN 150mm LAYERS TO ACHIEVE A DENSITY NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY

VICROADS STANDARD DRAWINGS SD2031 & SD2032. TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS MUST CONFORM TO

68. VEHICLE CROSSINGS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED AS PER COUNCILS STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATION.

72. ALL FOOTPATHS LOCATED WITHIN PARKS AND RESERVES ARE TO BE A MINIMUM 125mm THICK AND 2m WIDE

55. WHERE CURVED PIPES ARE SHOWN ON THE FACE PLANS THEY ARE TO BE LAID PARALLEL TO THE BACK OF KERB

56 ALL STORMWATER DRAINS ARE TO BE CLASS 2 R C. OR E R C PIPES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL PIPES UP TO AND

INCLUDING 600mm DIA. ARE TO BE RUBBER RING JOINTED. INTERLOCKING / FLUSH JOINTS WITH EXTERNAL BANDS CAM

57. ALL DRAINS BEHIND KERB AND CHANNEL SHALL BE BACKFILLED TO MATCH PAVEMENT SUBGRADE LEVEL WITH 20mm

CLASS 2 F.C.R. CONSOLIDATION OF CRUSHED ROCK BACKFILL TO BE 97% DRY DENSITY STANDARD COMPACTION TEST

58. WHERE STORMWATER DRAINS ARE TO BE LAID UNDER ROAD PAVEMENT, DRIVEWAYS AND FOOTPATHS, TRENCH IS TO

60. AGRICULTURAL DRAINS ARE TO BE PLACED BEHIND ALL KERB AND CHANNEL, KERB ONLY AND EDGE STRIPS IN

BE BACKFILLED WITH CLASS 3 CRUSHED ROCK IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCILS SPECIFICATION.HOUSE DRAINS ARE TO

PROPERTY INLET PITS ARE TO BE LOCATED 1.0m FROM LOW SIDE BOUNDARY UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN. INVERT

LEVEL OF PROPERTY INLET IS TO BE A MINIMUM OF 500mm BELOW FINISHED/EXISTING SURFACE LEVEL

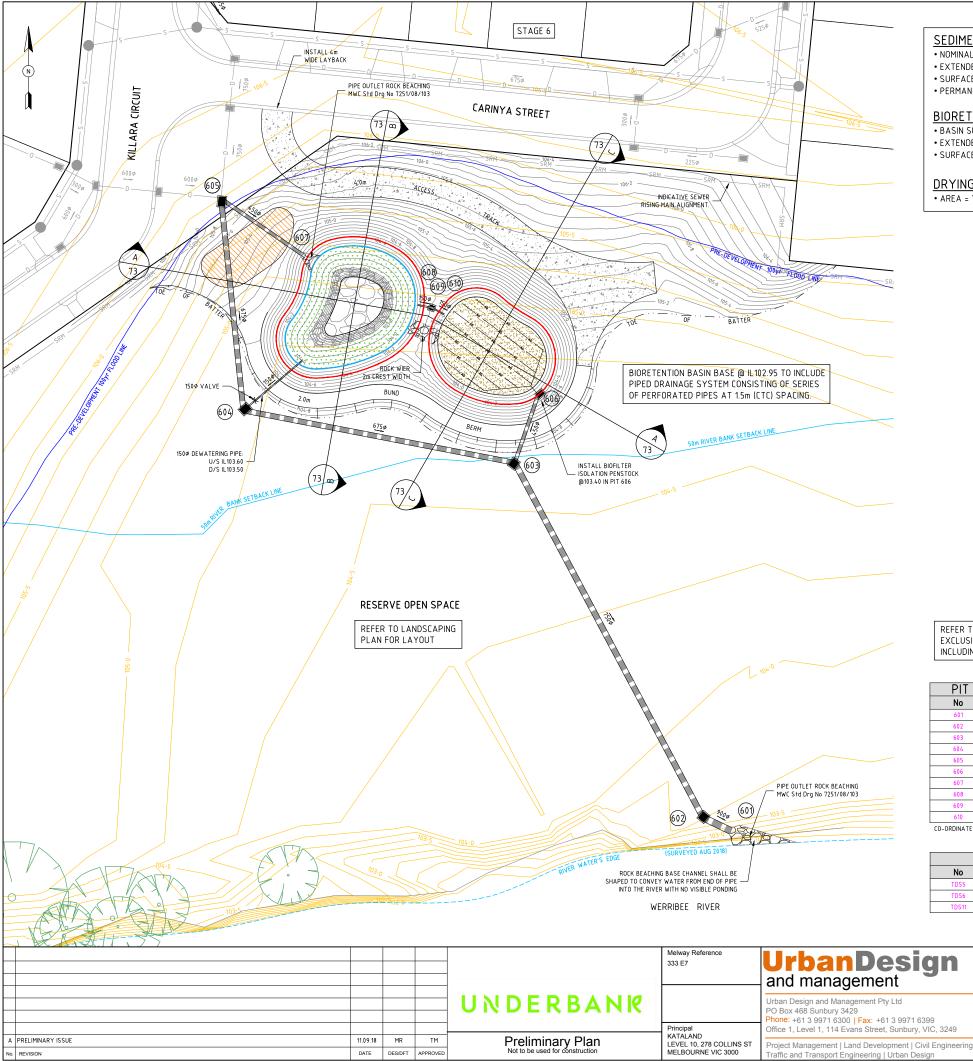
61. ALL TABLE DRAINS AND VERGES ARE TO BE REINSTATED UPON COMPLETION OF WORKS TO THE SATISFACTION O

EXCEPT WHERE A RADIUS HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY NOMINATED.

BE CONNECTED DIRECT TO AN UNDERGROUND DRAIN OR PIT IF POSSIBLE.

ONLY BE USED ON PIPE SIZES OVER 600mm DIA.

ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL STANDARD DE



SEDIMENT BASIN

• NOMINAL WATER LEVEL (NWL) @ 104.10m AHD • EXTENDED DETENTION DEPTH (EDD) @ 104.40m AHD • SURFACE AREA @ NWL = 207m² • PERMANENT POOL VOLUME BELOW NWL = 91m³

BIORETENTION BASIN

• BASIN SURFACE LEVEL @ 103.90m AHD • EXTENDED DETENTION DEPTH (EDD) @ 104.20m AHD • SURFACE AREA @ BASIN LEVEL = 137m²

DRYING ZONE • AREA = $72m^2$

REFER TO LANDSCAPING PLAN FOR VEHICLE EXCLUSION FENCING DETAIL AND ALIGNMENT INCLUDING GATE ACROSS ACCESS TRACK

No	EASTING	NORTHING
601	272529.209	5826521.089
602	272525.512	5826522.854
603	272500.635	5826569.771
604	272464.733	5826576.689
605	272461.773	5826604.704
606	272503.739	5826578.783
607	272472.343	5826597.427
608	272487.799	5826590.642
609	272489.644	5826590.284
610	272490.241	5826594.171

CO-ORDINATES REFER TO INTERSECTION OF PIPE CENTRELINES

Designed T. MOTET

Checked T.PHILLIPS

Approved T.MILINKOVIC

SEPTEMBER 2018

Date

TBM LOCATION CO-ORDINATES							
	NORTHING	EASTING	No				
10	5826535.520	272372.380	TDS5				
10	5826608.510	272474.710	TDS6				
10	5826535.360	272554.680	TDS11				

A PRELIMINARY ISSUE	11.09.18	MR	TM	Preliminary Plan	LEVEL 10, 278 COLLINS ST	Project Management I Land Development
No. REVISION	DATE	DES/DFT	APPROVED	Not to be used for construction	MELBOURNE VIC 3000	Traffic and Transport Engineering Urban
ile earse 11022, OF, 72 due, laugust earse 02 file location LAV/della Feel 11022, Dandwick, Avea Diverse Edge States FAReavines						

72.dwg layout name 02 file location L:\Work\Eng\11022 Randwick Ave\Rivers Edge\Stage 5\Dr

LEGEND	
	BIORETENTION BASIN WITH DN100 PERFORATED PIPES (VINIDEX DRAINCOIL OR EQUIVALENT). REFER SHEET 3 FOR COMPOSITION
	SEDIMENT BASIN BASE. REFER SHEET 3 FOR COMPOSITION
	SEDIMENT BASIN SIDE @ 1 in 2. REFER SHEET 3 FOR COMPOSITION
	SAFETY BATTER @ 1 in 8
<u> AAAAA</u>	ROCK BEACHING
<i>" </i> .	DRYING ZONE
	ACCESS TRACK 4m WIDE 200mm DEPTH COMPACTED FCR3
	EXTENDED DETENTION DEPTH (EDD)
	NATURAL WATER LEVEL (NWL)
	STORMWATER PIPE WITH PIT
125.6	DESIGN CONTOUR
105.5	EXISTING CONTOUR



WARNING

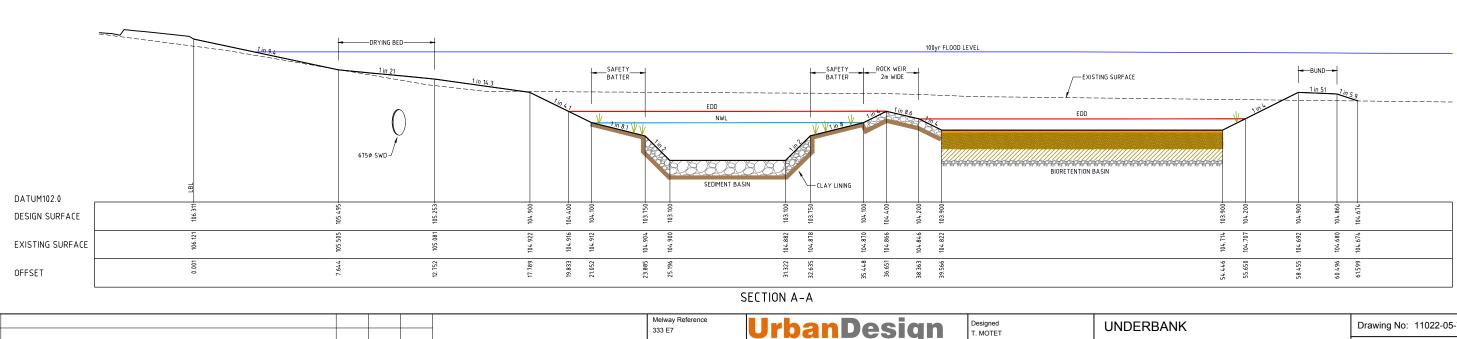
THE LOCATION OF SERVICES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY AND THEIR EXACT POSITION SHOULD BE PROVEN ON SITE. NO GUARANTEE IS GIVEN THAT ALL EXISTING SERVICES ARE SHOWN.SPECIAL CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES UNDER OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION LINES.

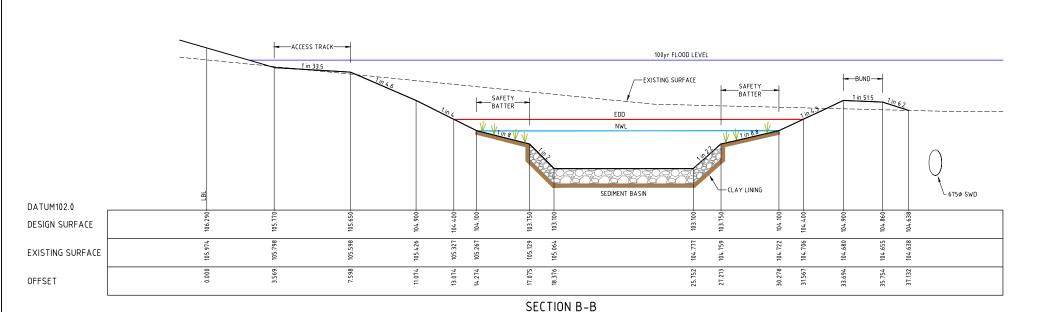
RL	
7.12	
5.86	
3.97	

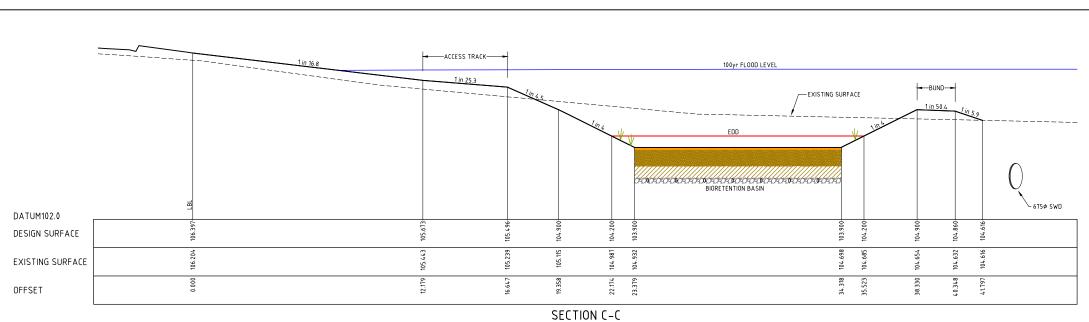
UNDERBANK	Drawing No: 11022-05-72				
RIVERS EDGE - STAGE 5 MOORABOOL SHIRE COUNCIL	Revision: A				
BIORETENTION & SEDIMENT BASINS	Sheet No: 2 of 5				
DETAIL PLAN	Scale @ A1 0 2.5 5 10 1:250				
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file name 11022-05-73.dwg layout name 03 file location L:\Work\Eng\11022 Randwick Ave\Rivers Edge\Stage 5\Drawings

SECTION A-A								
			Melway Reference 333 E7	UrbanDesign	Designed T. MOTET	UNDERBANK RIVERS EDGE - STAGE 5 MOORABOOL SHIRE COUNCIL	Drawing No: 11022-05-73	
				and management	Checked		Revision: A	
		UNDERBANK		Urban Design and Management Pty Ltd PO Box 468 Sunbury 3429 Phone: +61 3 9971 6300 Fax: +61 3 9971 6399	T.PHILLIPS Approved T.MILINKOVIC	BIORETENTION & SEDIMENT BASINS SECTIONS	Sheet No: 3 of 5 Scale @ A1 0 1 2	
A PRELIMINARY ISSUE	11.09.18 MR TM DATE DESIDET APPROVED	Preliminary Plan	Principal KATALAND LEVEL 10, 278 COLLINS ST MELBOURNE VIC 3000	Office 1, Level 1, 114 Evans Street, Sunbury, VIC, 3249 Project Management Land Development Civil Engineering Traffic and Transport Engineering Urban Design	- Dutu		H1:100, V1:50 0.5 1 © Urban Design and Management Pty L	







<u>LEGEND</u>

 DESIGN SURFACE ----- EXISTING SURFACE 100yr FLOOD LEVEL - EXTENDED DETENTION DEPTH (EDD) NATURAL WATER LEVEL (NWL)

SEDIMENT BASIN

BASE: 400mm DEPTH COMPACTED ROCK. USE FLAT ROCKS WITH >DN300mm AND EXTEND 300mm UP BASIN SIDES.

SIDE: 300mm THICK CRUSHED ROCK D₅₀ = 150mm TO SAFETY BATTER.

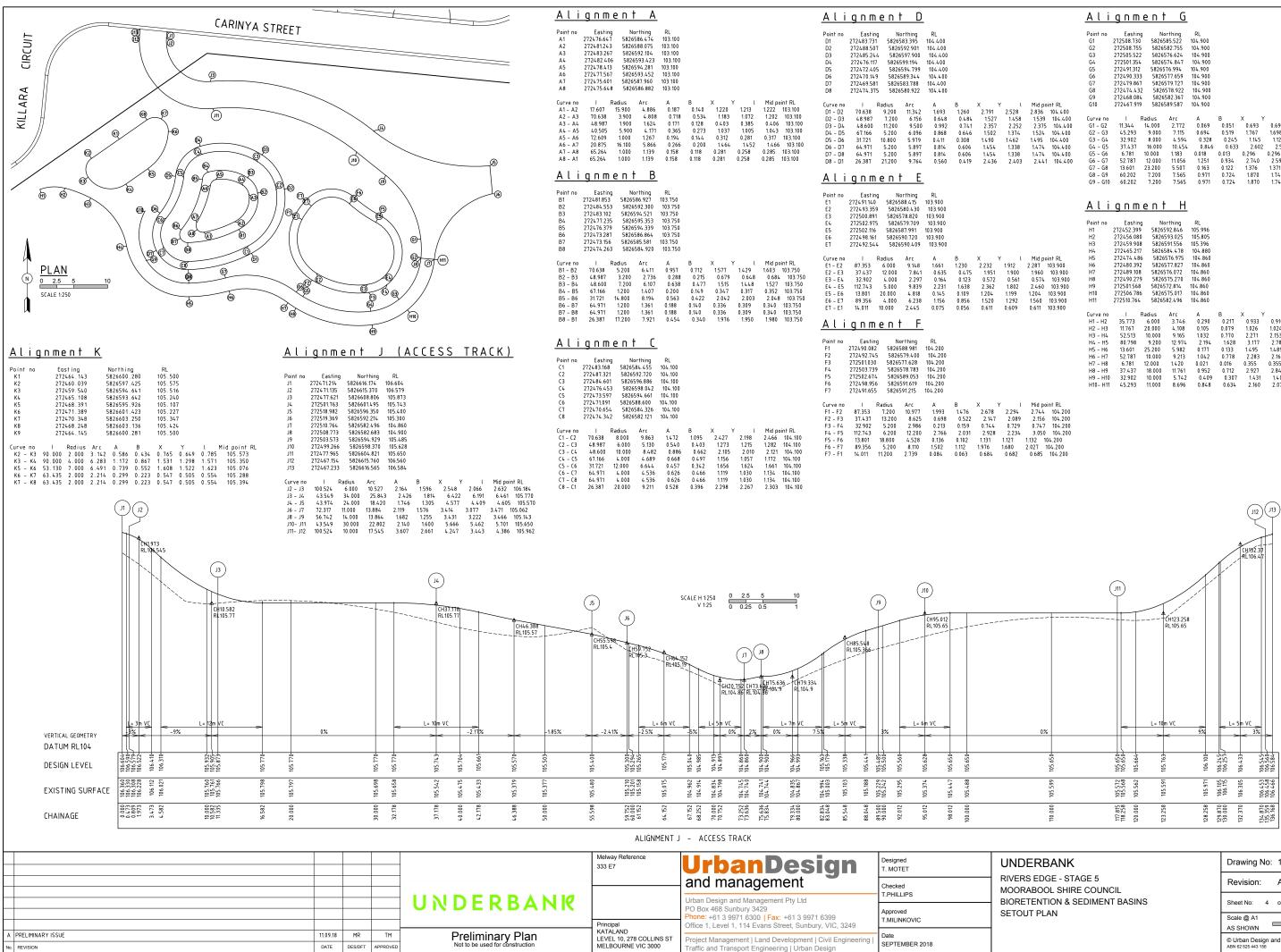
CLAY LINING

BIO-FILTER MEDIA

50mm DEPTH SURFACE ROCK MULCH

500mm FILTER MEDIA CONSISTING OF SANDY LOAM WITH HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY APPROXIMATELY 180mm/hr, BETWEEN 5% AND 10% ORGANIC CONTENT, 60mg/kg ORTHOPHOSPHATE CONTENT, pH NEUTRAL 300mm SUBMERGED ZONE CONSISTING OF MEDIUM-COARSE SAND AND EXCLUSIVE OF 50mm TRANSITION LAYER CONSISTING OF COARSE SAND. THE SUBMERGED ZONE SHOULD INCLUDE A LOW NUTRIENT CARBON SOURCE SUCH AS SUGAR CARE MULCH, PINE CHIPS (NO BARK) AND PINE FLOUR ("SAW DUST")

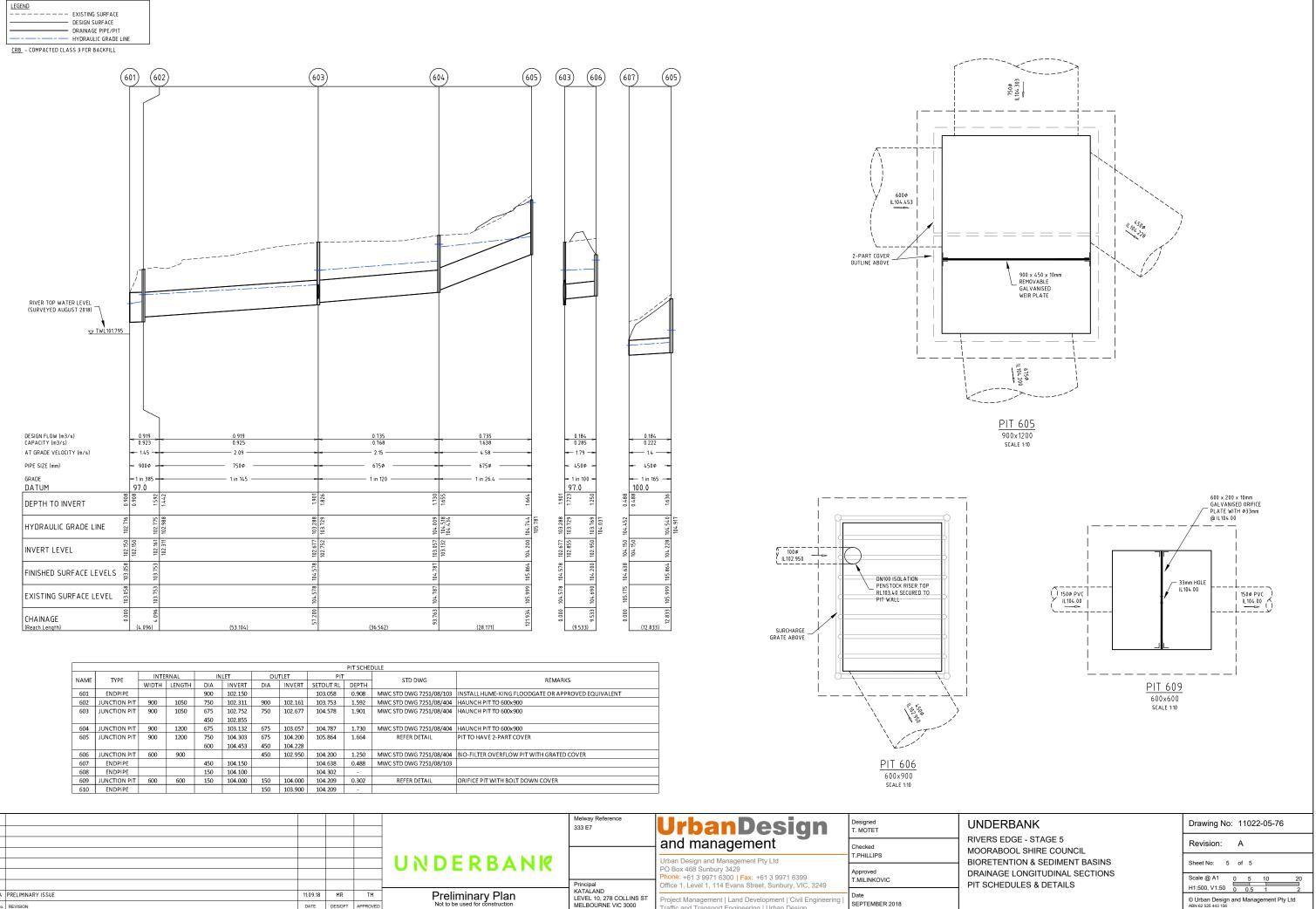
150mm DRAINAGE LAYER CONSISTING OF GRAVEL AROUND DN100 PERFORATED PIPES (VINIDEX DN100 DRAINCOIL OR EQUIVALENT).



file name 11022-05-74.dwg_layout name 05 file location L:\Work\Eng\11022_Randwick_Ave\Rivers Edge\Stage 5\Drawing:

	<u> </u>	gnm	<u>ent</u>	G						
point RL	Point no G1 G2 G3 G4 G5 G6 G7 G8 G9 G10	Easting 272508.730 272508.755 272505.522 272501.354 272491.312 272490.333 272479.867 272474.432 272468.084 272468.084	58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265	rthing 85.522 82.755 76.624 74.847 76.994 77.659 579.727 578.922 582.367 89.587	RL 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900 104.900					
6 104.400 39 104.400 75 104.400 24 104.400 5 104.400 74 104.400 74 104.400 74 104.400 74 104.400	Curve no G1 - G2 G2 - G3 G3 - G4 G4 - G5 G5 - G6 G6 - G7 G7 - G8 G8 - G9 G9 - G10	I F 11.344 45.293 32.902 37.437	Radius 14.000 9.000 8.000 16.000 10.000 12.000 23.200 7.200 7.200	Arc 2.772 7.115 4.594 10.454 1.183 11.056 5.507 7.565 7.565	A 0.069 0.694 0.328 0.846 0.018 1.251 0.163 0.971 0.971	B 0.051 0.245 0.633 0.013 0.934 0.122 0.724 0.724	X Y 0.693 1.767 1.145 2.602 0.296 2.740 1.376 1.870 1.870	l 0.691 1.698 1.121 2.533 0.296 2.595 1.371 1.741 1.741	1.779 104. 1.148 104 2.614 1 0.296 104.	.900 900 900 04.900 900 900 900 900
point RL 103.900 0 103.900 74 103.900 0 103.900 0 103.900 1 103.900	A l i Point no H1 H2 H3 H4 H5 H6 H7 H8 H9 H10 H11	G n m Easting 272452.399 272456.080 272459.908 272465.217 272474.486 272480.392 272489.108 27249.108 27249.108 272501.568 272506.786 272510.764	No 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265 58265	H 92.846 93.025 93.025 93.556 84.478 576.975 577.827 76.072 575.277 72.814 75.017 82.496	RL 105.996 105.805 105.396 104.860 104.860 104.860 104.860 104.860 104.860 104.860					
point RL	Curve no H1 - H2 H2 - H3 H3 - H4 H4 - H5 H5 - H6 H6 - H7 H7 - H8 H8 - H9 H9 - H10 H10 - H11	35.773 11.767 52.513 80.798 13.601 52.787	Radius 6.000 20.000 9.200 25.200 10.000 12.000 18.000 10.000 11.000	Arc 3.746 4.108 9.165 12.974 5.982 9.213 1.420 11.761 5.742 8.696	A 0.290 0.105 1.032 2.194 0.177 1.042 0.021 0.952 0.409 0.848	B 0.217 0.079 0.770 1.628 0.133 0.778 0.016 0.712 0.307 0.634	X Y 0.933 1.026 2.271 3.177 1.495 2.283 0.355 2.927 1.431 2.160	L 0.910 1.024 2.153 2.786 1.489 2.162 0.355 2.849 1.401 2.076	1.027 105. 2.291 105. 3.243 104. 1.496 104. 2.303 104. 0.355 104. 2.940 104. 1.436 104.	.939 600 050 4.860 860 .860
4 104.200										

Drawing No: 11022-05-75				
Revision: A				
Sheet No: 4 of 5				
Scale @ A1 AS SHOWN				
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ŀ	A PRELIMINARY ISSUE va. REVISION	11.09.18 DATE	MR DES/DFT	TM APPROVED	Preliminary Plan	LEVEL 10, 278 COLLINS ST MELBOURNE VIC 3000	Project Management Land Development Civil Engineering Traffic and Transport Engineering Urban Design	Date SEPTEMBER 2018	
						Principal KATALAND	Phone: +61 3 9971 6300 Fax: +61 3 9971 6399 Office 1, Level 1, 114 Evans Street, Sunbury, VIC, 3249	T.MILINKOVIC	DRAINAGE LC PIT SCHEDUL
					UNDERBANK		Urban Design and Management Pty Ltd PO Box 468 Sunbury 3429	Approved	BIORETENTIO
+							and management	Checked T.PHILLIPS	RIVERS EDGI MOORABOOL
t						333 E7	UrbanDesign	Designed T. MOTET	

file name 11022–05–75.dwg. lavout name 06 file location L:\Work\Eng\11022 Randwick. Ave\Rivers Edge\Stage 5\Drawings

APPENDIX F: MELBOURNE WATER PRE-DEVELOPMENT ADVICE



26 May 2023

Lola Nurhalim Engeny PO Box 12192 Melbourne VIC 8006

Dear Lola,

Proposal: Pre-development advice - Request for drainage advice **Site location:** Lot No A, WERRIBEE VALE ROAD BACCHUS MARSH 3340

Melbourne Water reference: MWA-1291043 Date referred: 12/05/2023

I refer to the above request and note that Council is the drainage authority for this site, not Melbourne Water.

Melbourne Water will assess the application against the planning policy framework and the *Guidelines for Development in Flood Affected Areas, DELWP 2019* when it is formally referred to us by Council through the Planning Permit process.

Advice

For general development enquiries contact our Customer Service Centre on 131 722.

Regards,

Wist

Statutory Referral Permit Services

